

Galaxy Custom Designer – Quick Startup

- Schematic Editor
- Simulation and Analysis Environment
 - CosmoScope
 - HSPICE Toolbox for MATLAB

1. Setting Up the Workspace

Create a working directory

```
mkdir ~/ee406/s14/analog/
```

Enter the working directory:

```
cd ~/ee406/s14/analog/
```

Setup the libraries by creating a file lib.defs in the working directory

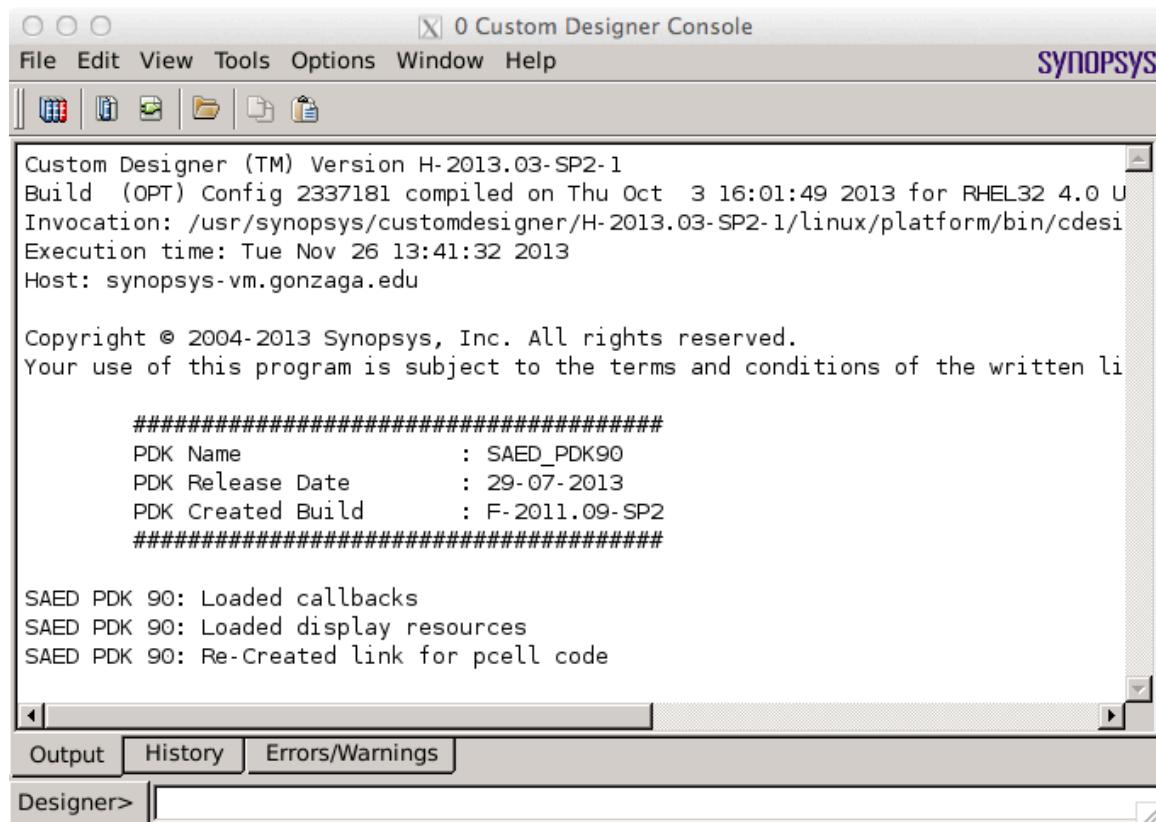
The file should look as follows:

```
INCLUDE $SYNOPSYS_CUSTOM_INSTALL/samples/lib.defs
DEFINE SAED_PDK_90 /usr/synopsys/SAED_PDK90nm/SAED_PDK_90/
DEFINE reference /usr/synopsys/SAED_PDK90nm/reference
```

2. Running custom designer:

From the working directory:

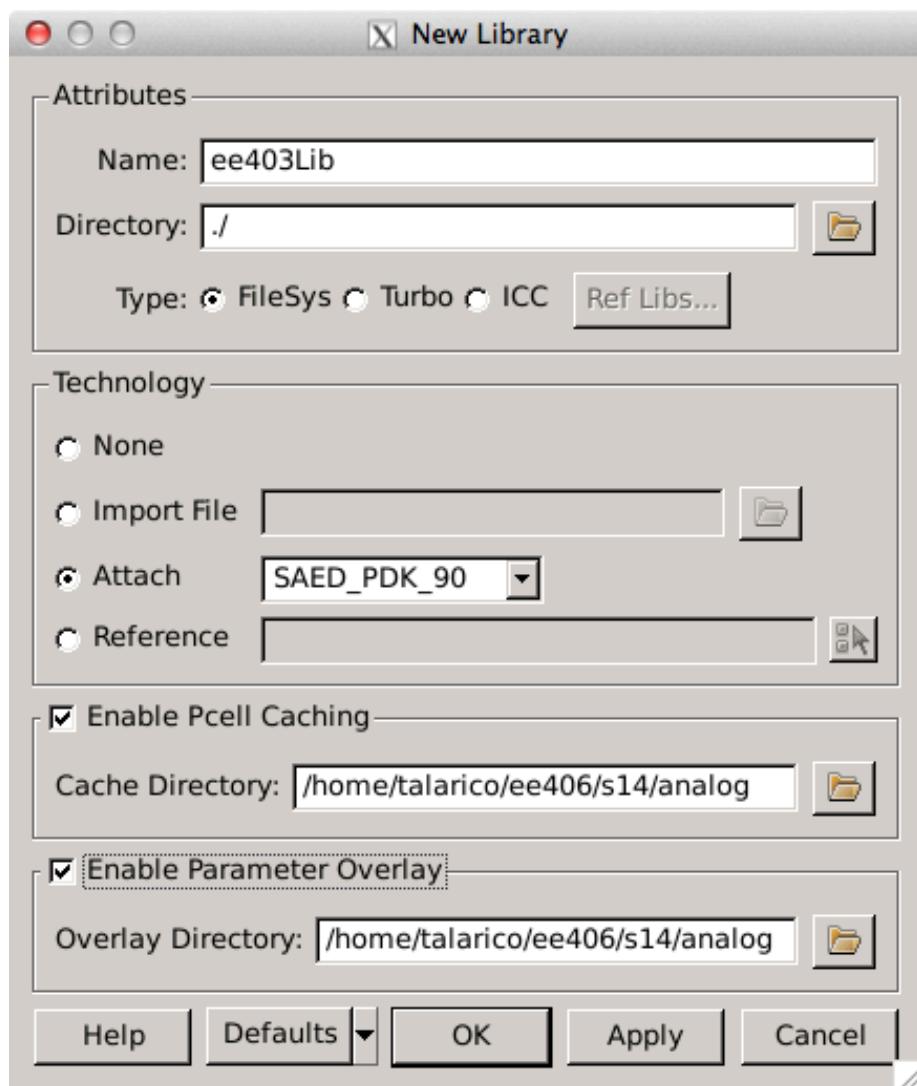
```
cdesigner &
```



3. Creating a new Library

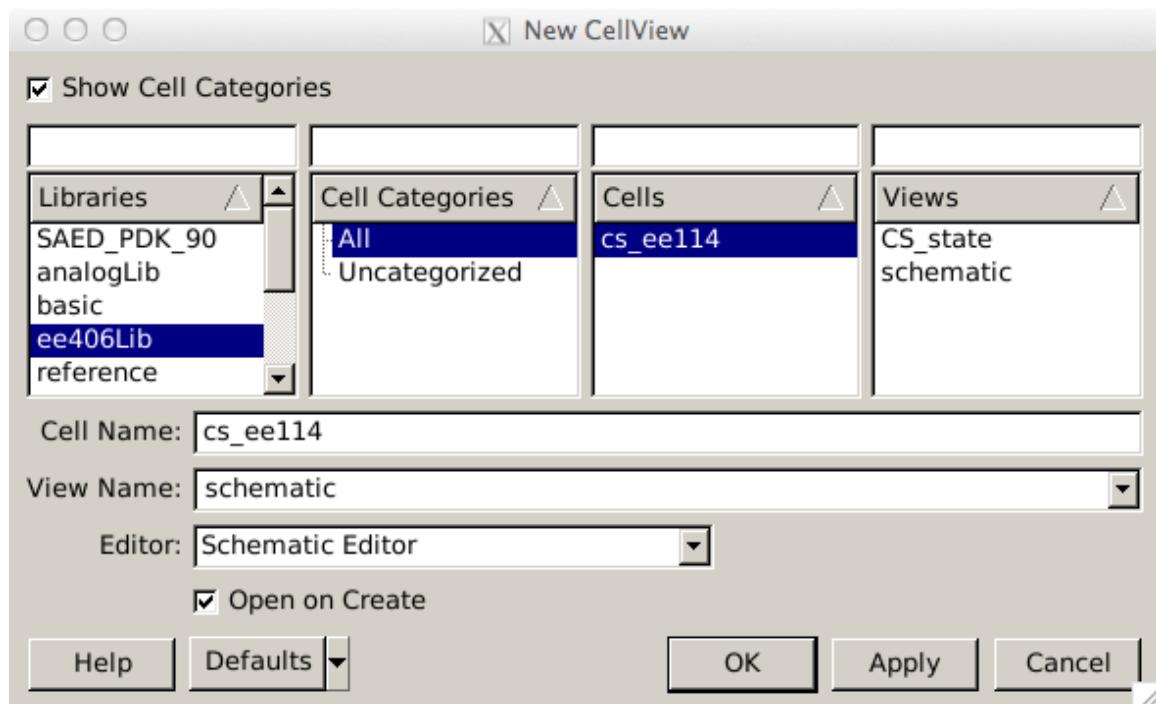
From the custom designer console:

```
File → New → Library
```



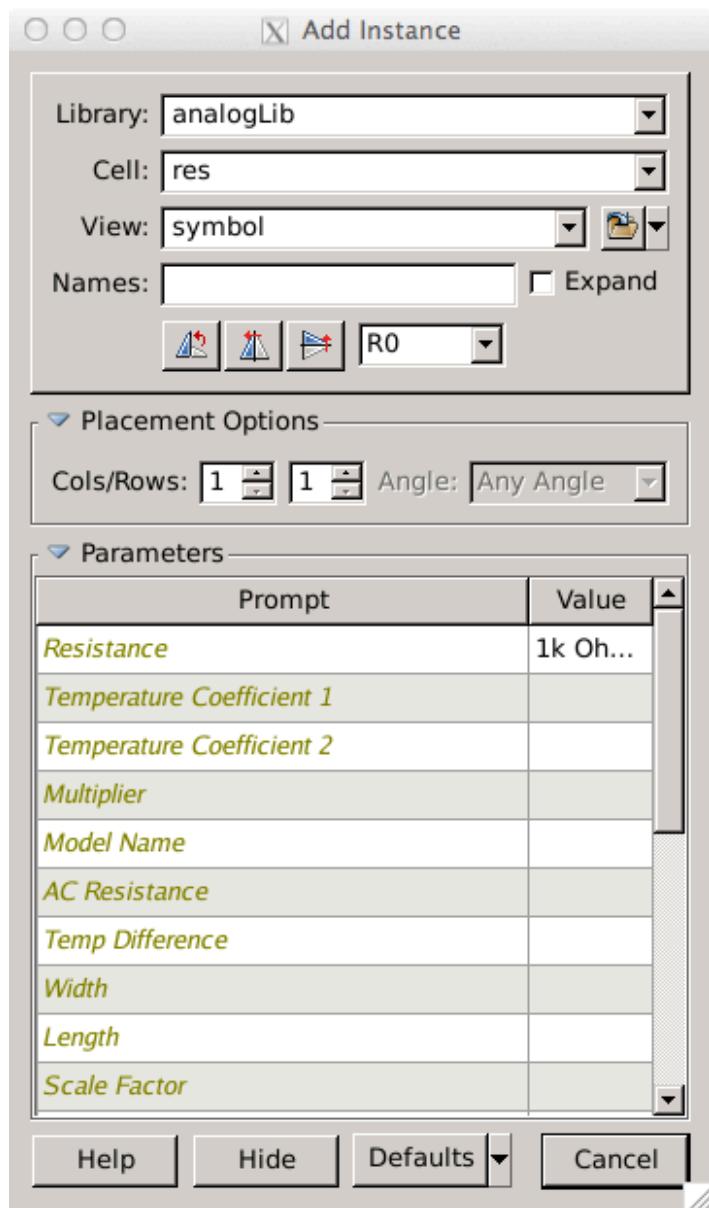
4. Creating a New Cell

From the custom designer console
File → New → Cell



The schematic editor (SE) opens.

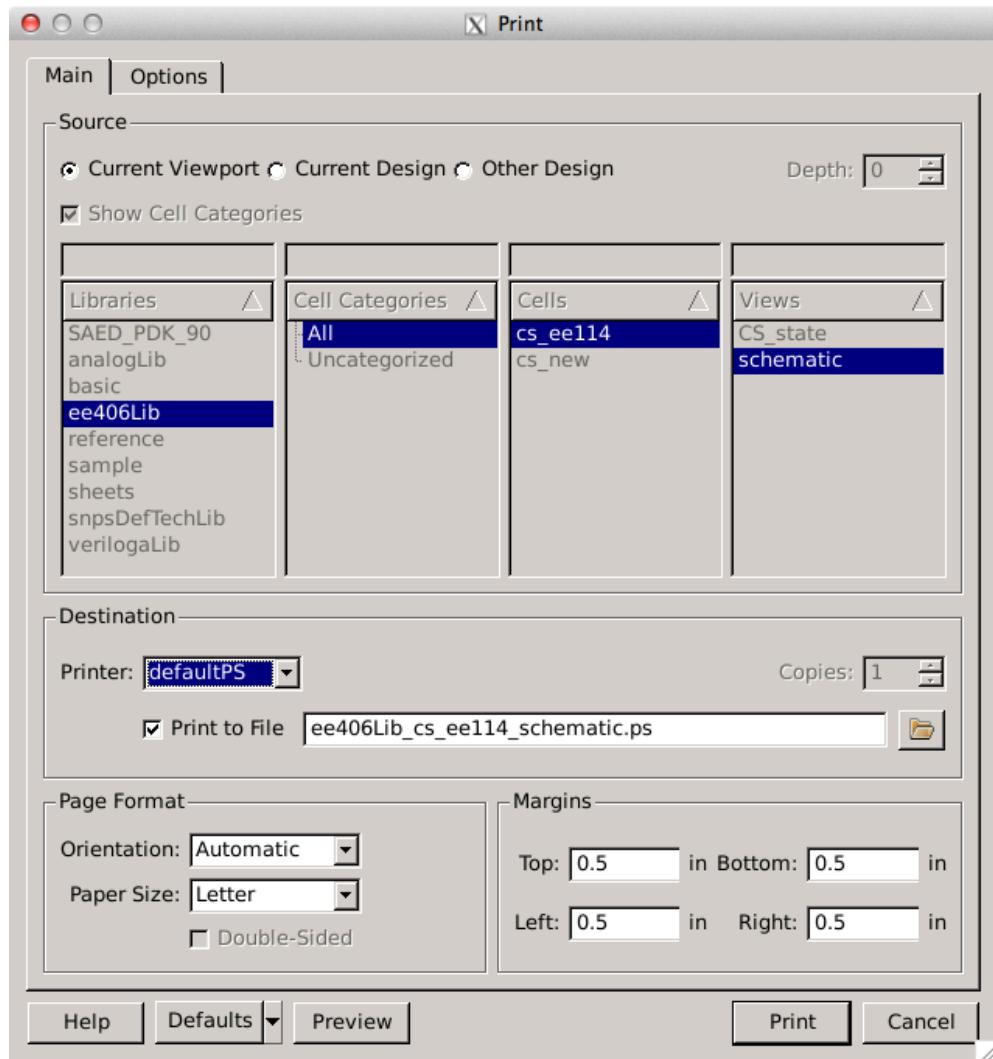
Enter the schematic of the design, by adding the various instances, wires, wire names, etc.:

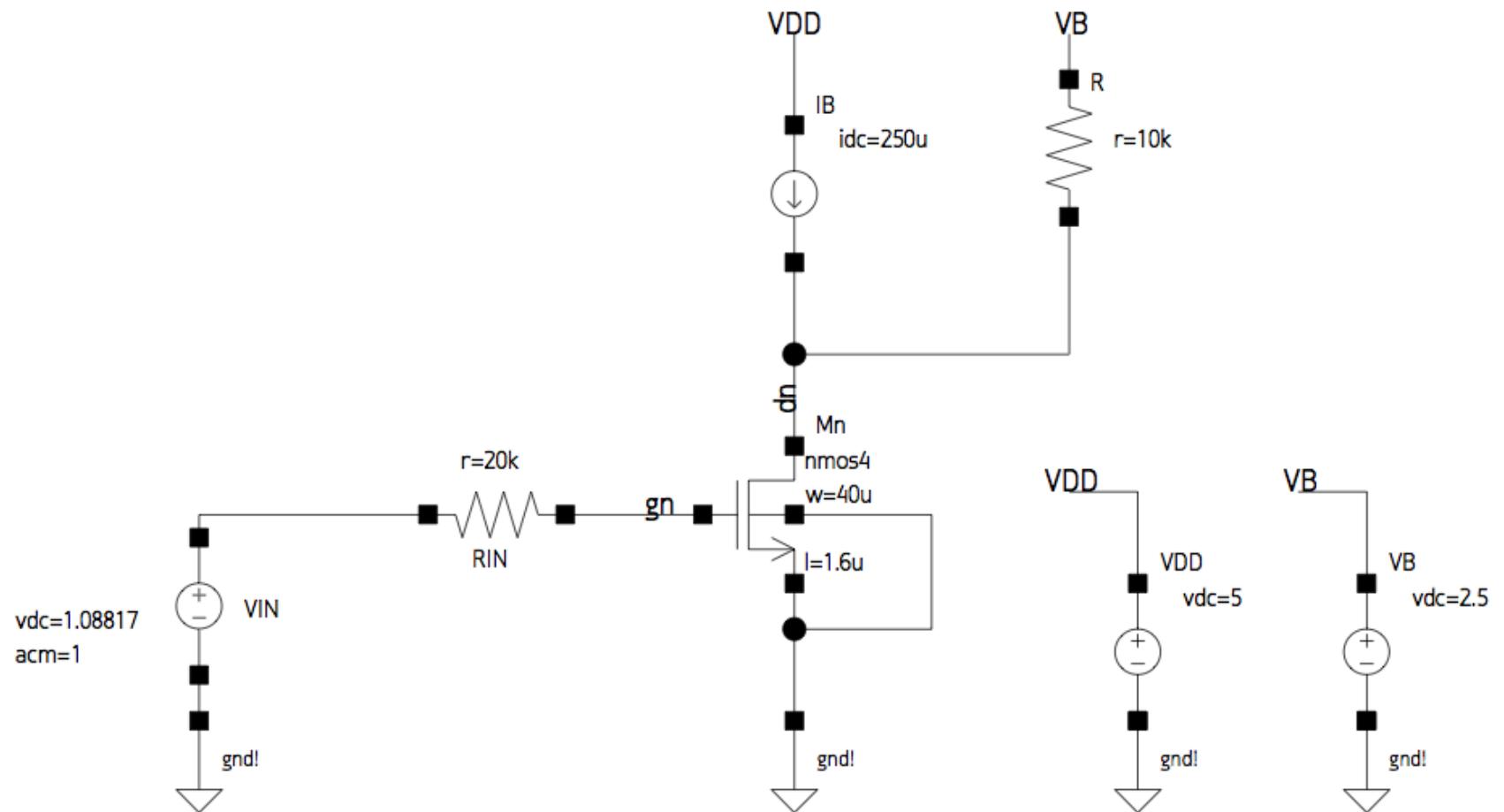


Save the design (Design → Save) often and make sure to check it for possible errors (Design → Check and Save).

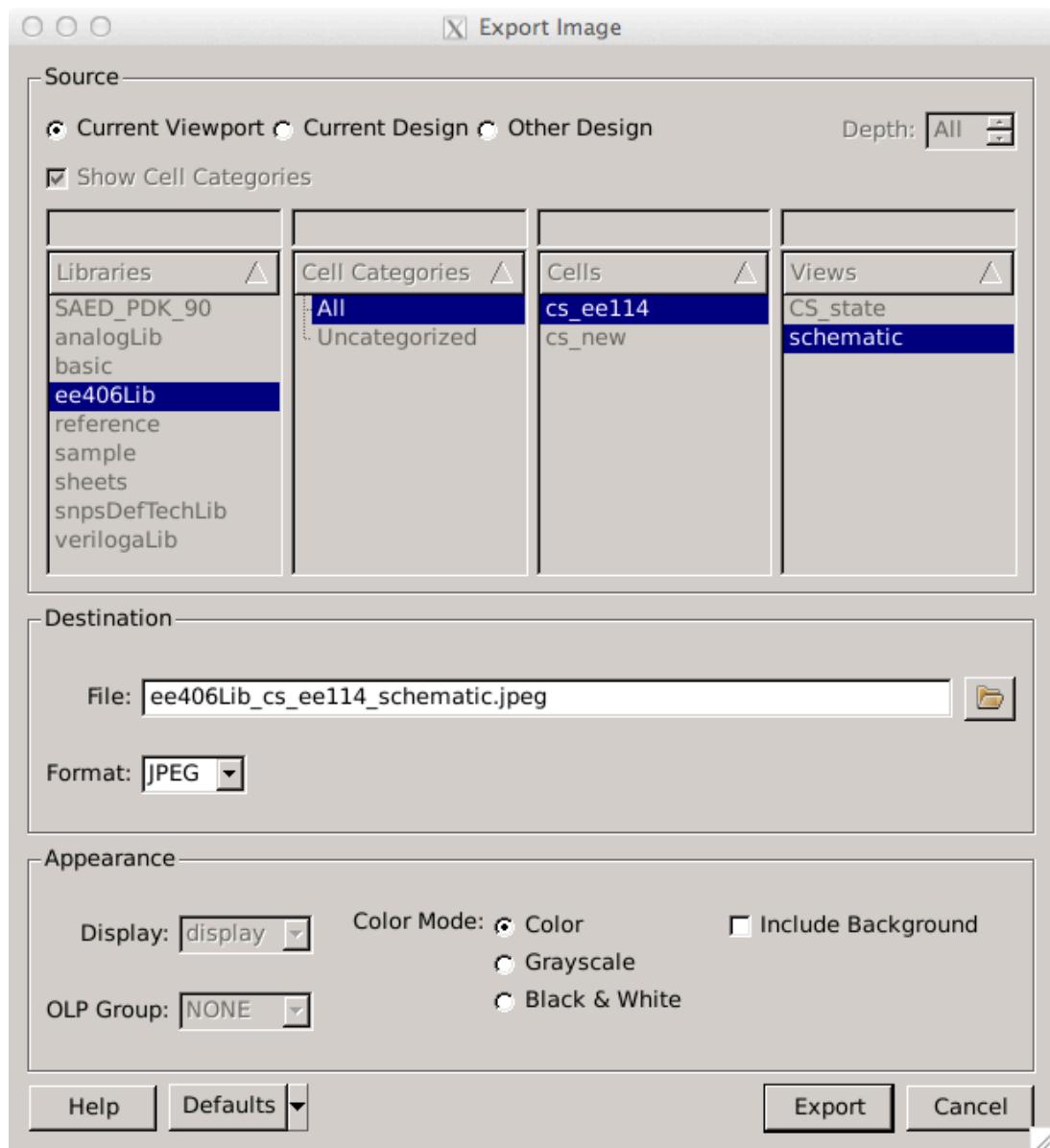
Once the schematic is finished and passes all checks (see the custom explorer console) it can be printed, exported as an image, exported as a netlist, etc.

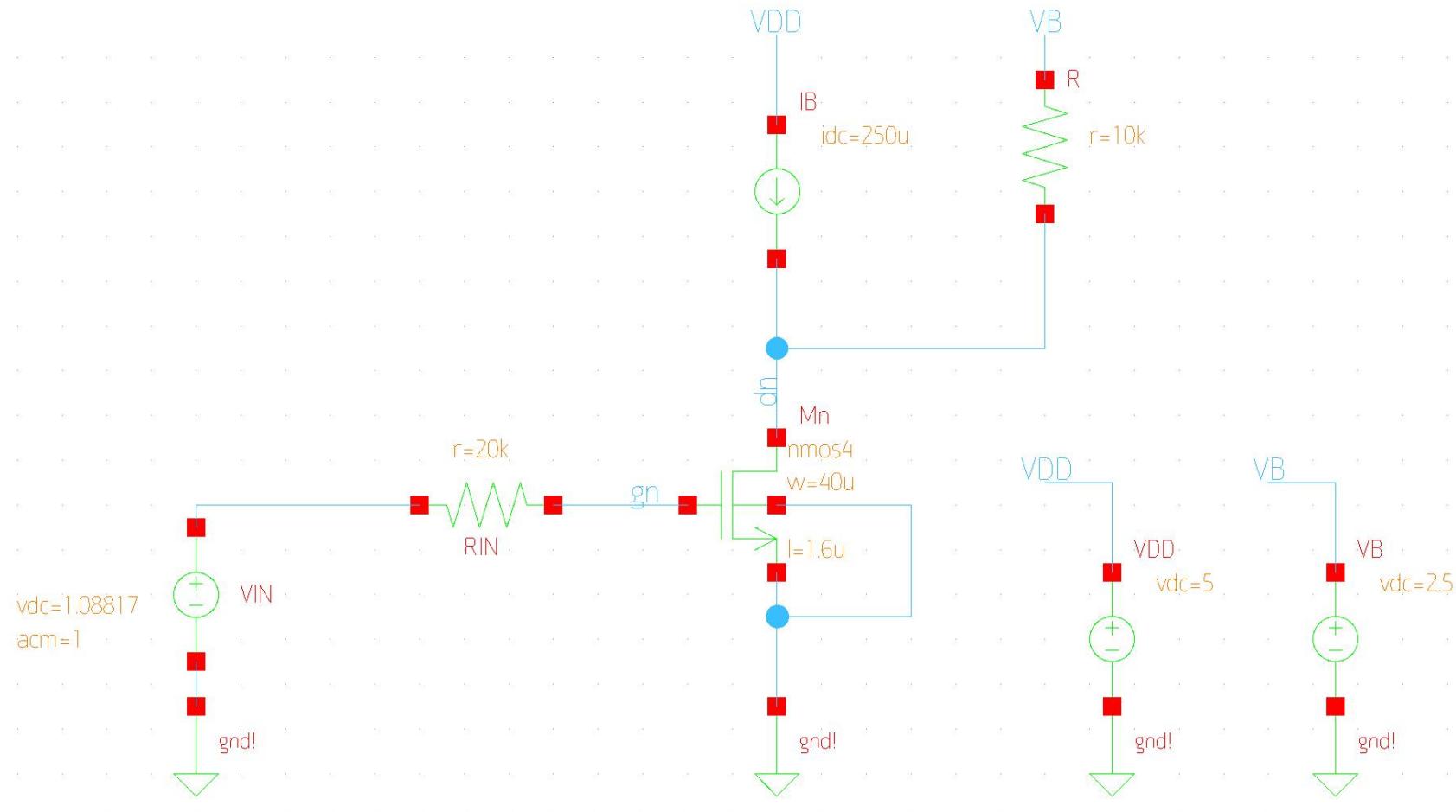
Design → Print Submit (print to file)



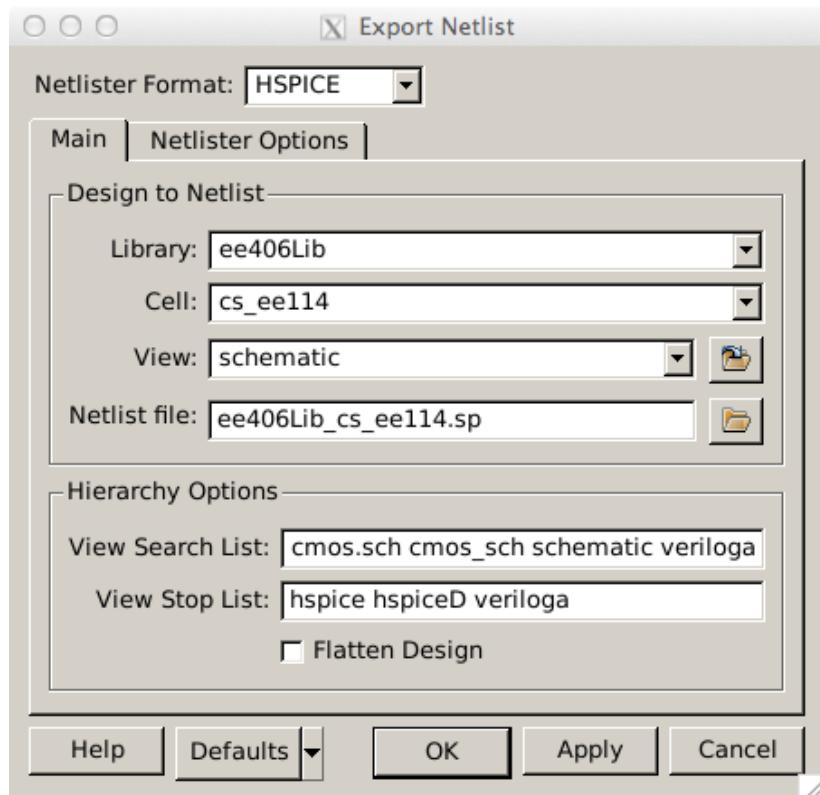


Design → Export Image (format jpeg; do not include background)





Design → Export Netlist



```
cat ee406Lib_cs_ee114.sp
```

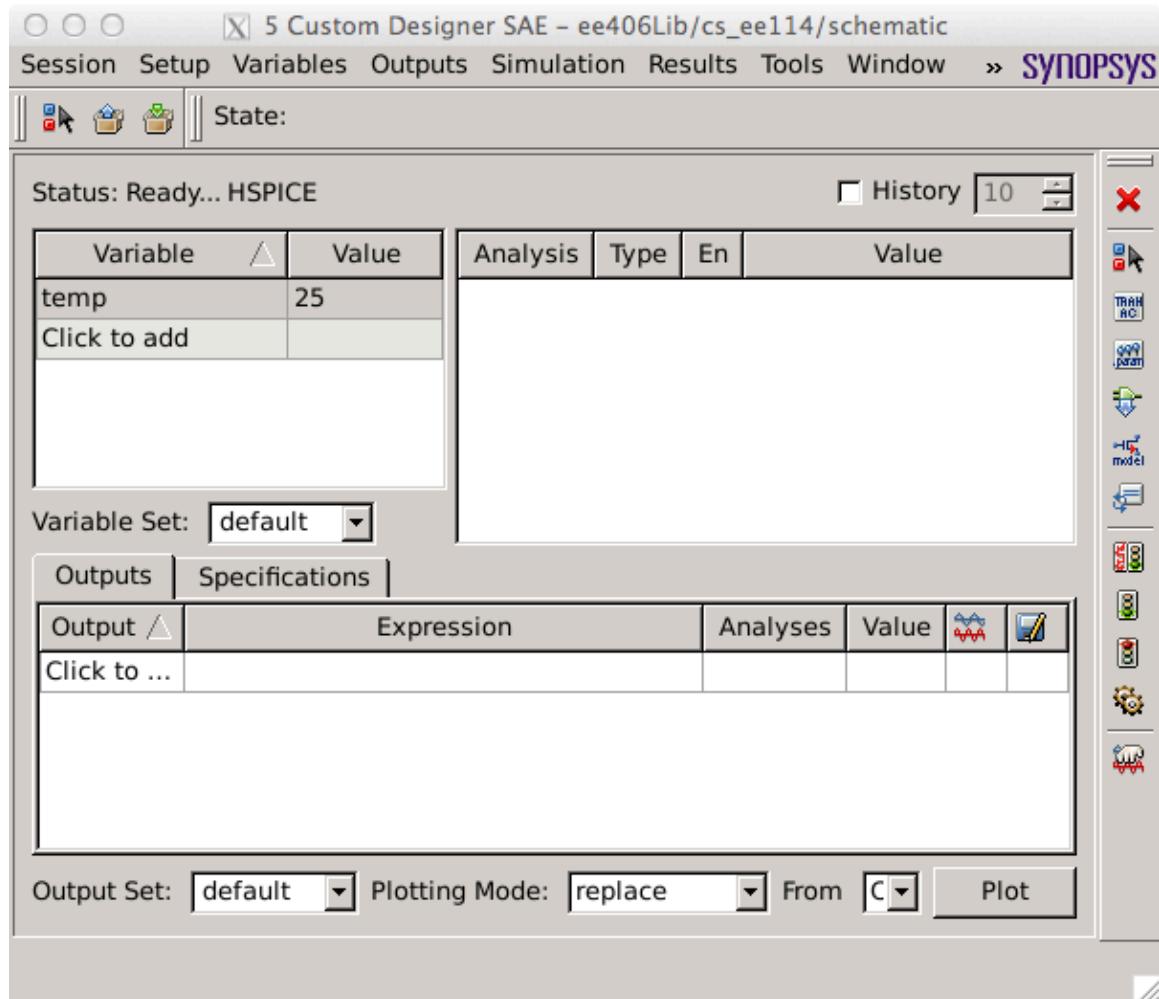
```
*Custom Designer (TM) Version H-2013.03-SP2-1
*Mon Nov 25 10:58:00 2013

.GLOBAL gnd!
*****
* Library      : ee406Lib
* Cell        : cs_ee114
* View        : schematic
* View Search List : hspice hspiceD cmos.sch cmos_sch schematic veriloga
* View Stop List : hspice hspiceD veriloga
*****
.subckt cs_ee114
ib vdd dn dc=250u
rin gn in r=20k
r vb dn r=10k
mn dn gn gnd! gnd! nmos4 w=40u l=1.6u
vb vb gnd! dc=2.5
vdd vdd gnd! dc=5
vin in gnd! dc=1.08817 ac=1
.ends cs_ee114
```

5. Running the Simulation and Analysis Environment (SAE)

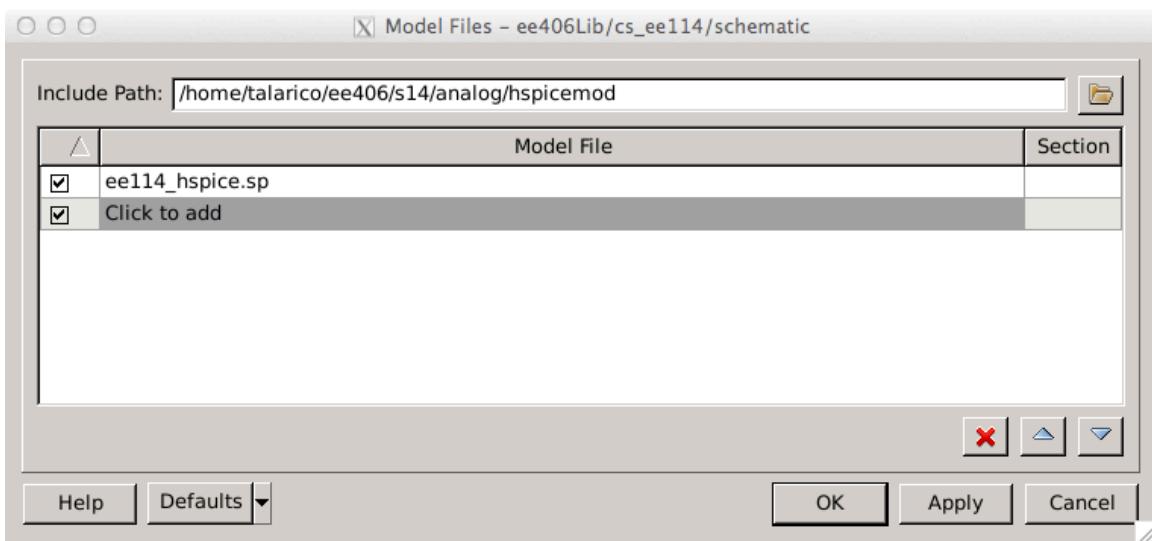
From the schematic Editor invoke Tools → SAE.

The SAE window opens.



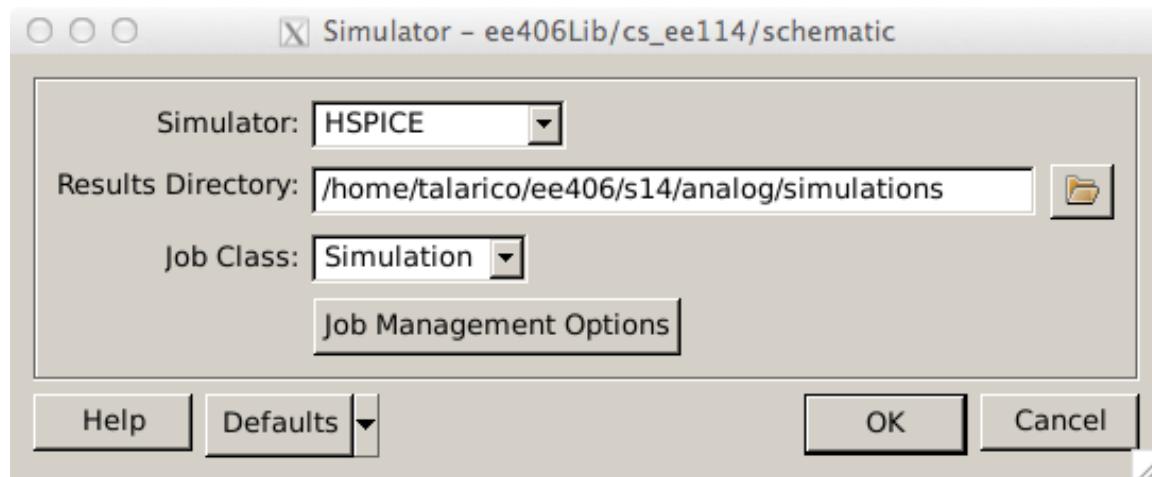
Set up the model files to be used by the simulator

Setup → Model files



Setup where to save the simulation:

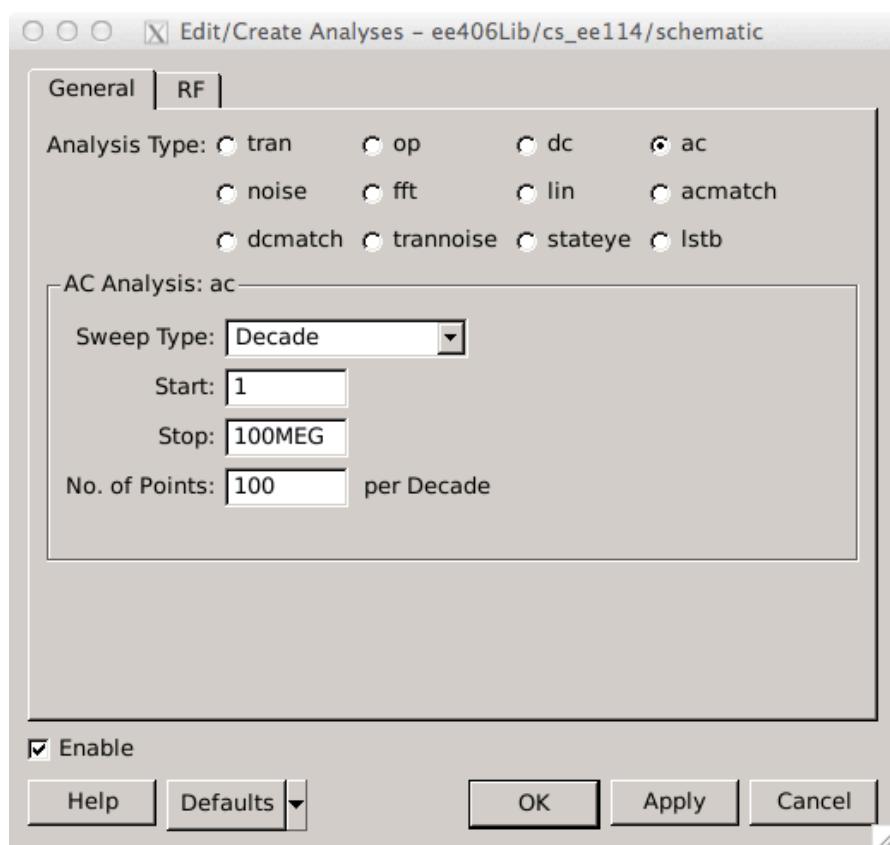
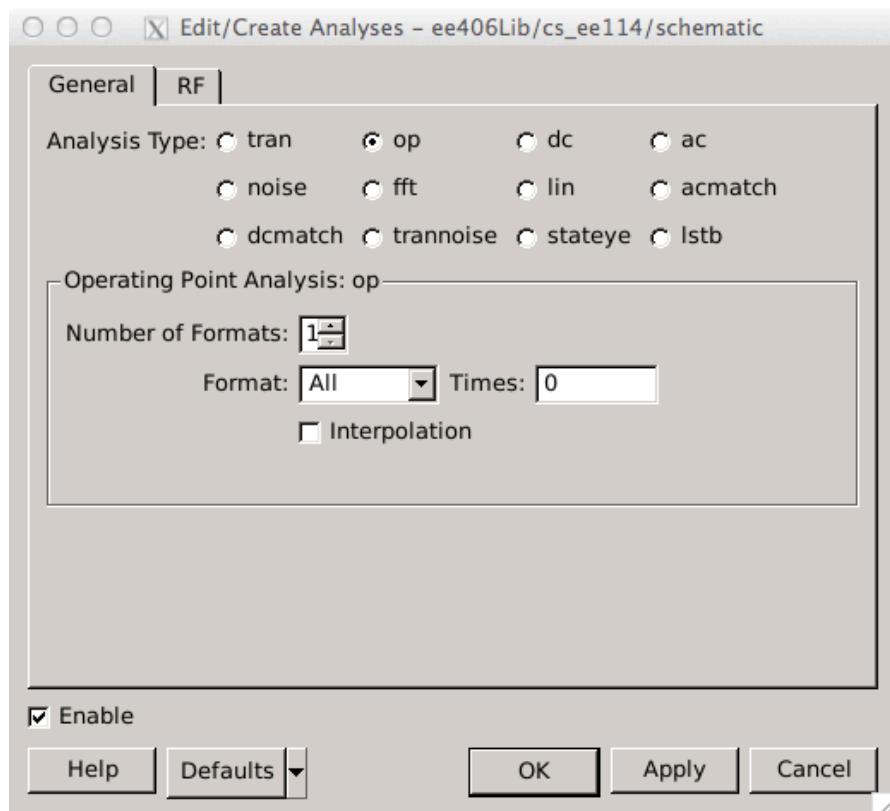
Setup → Simulator



Save the location of the result directory in simu.xml (Defaults → Save)

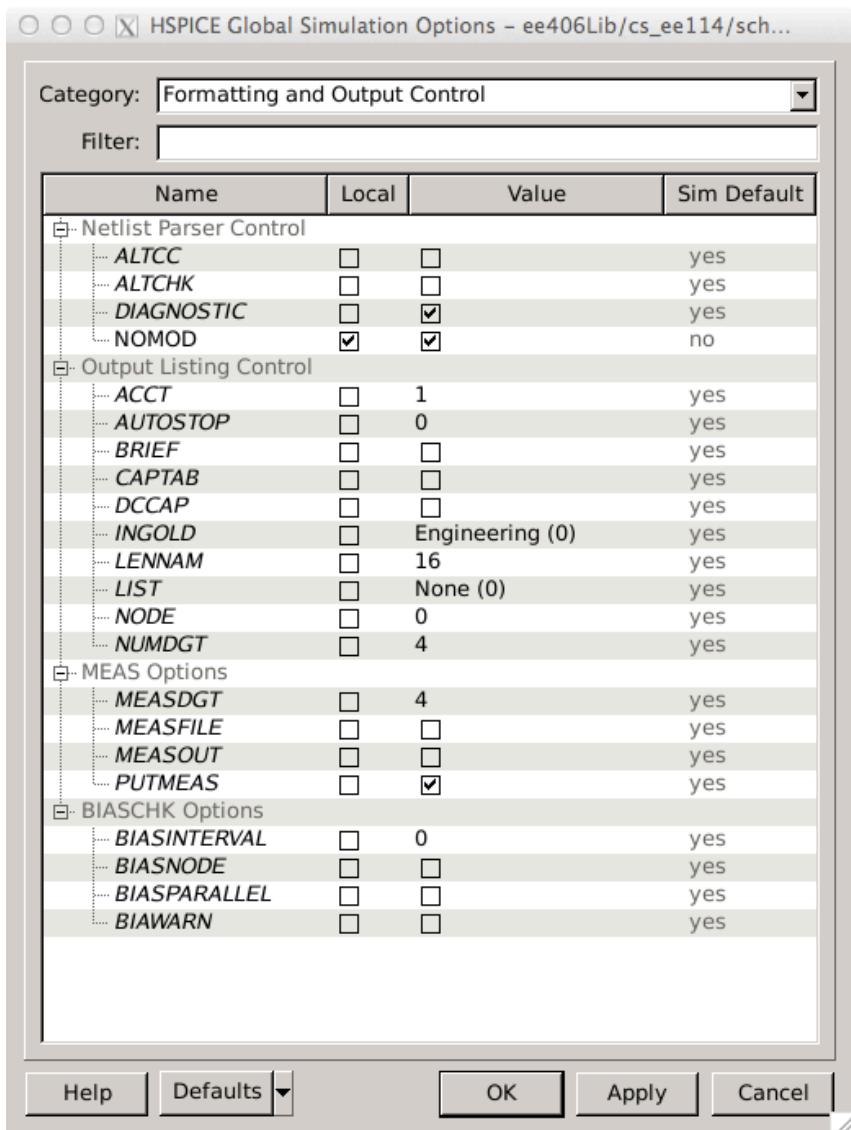
Setup the analysis to run:

Setup → Analysis



Set up your favorite HSPICE options:

Simulation → options



.OPTION NOMOD = 1

This option suppresses the printout of model parameters.

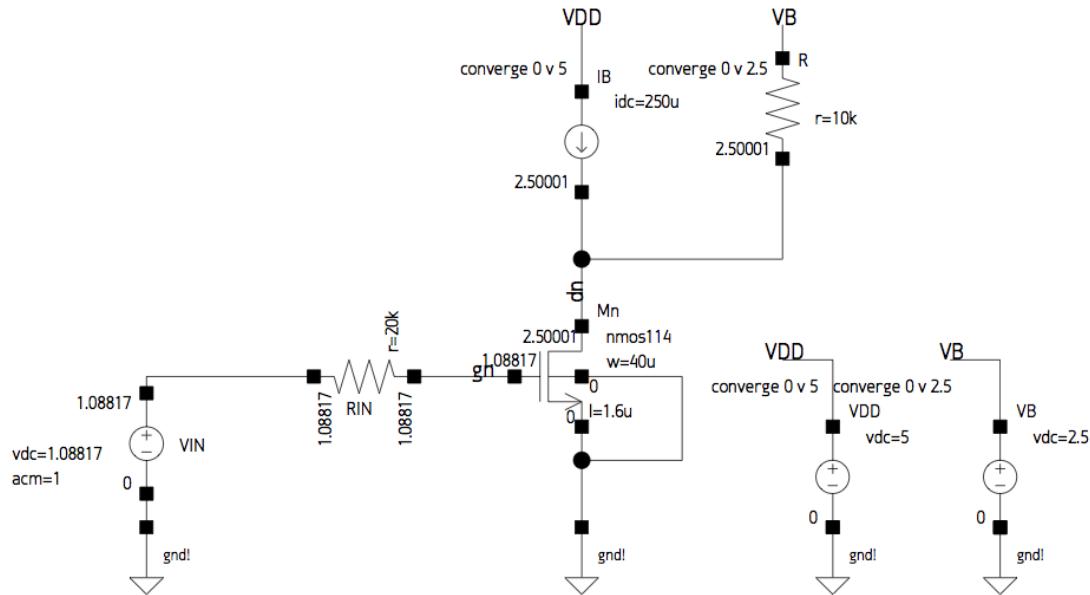
Run the simulation

Simulation → Netlist and Run

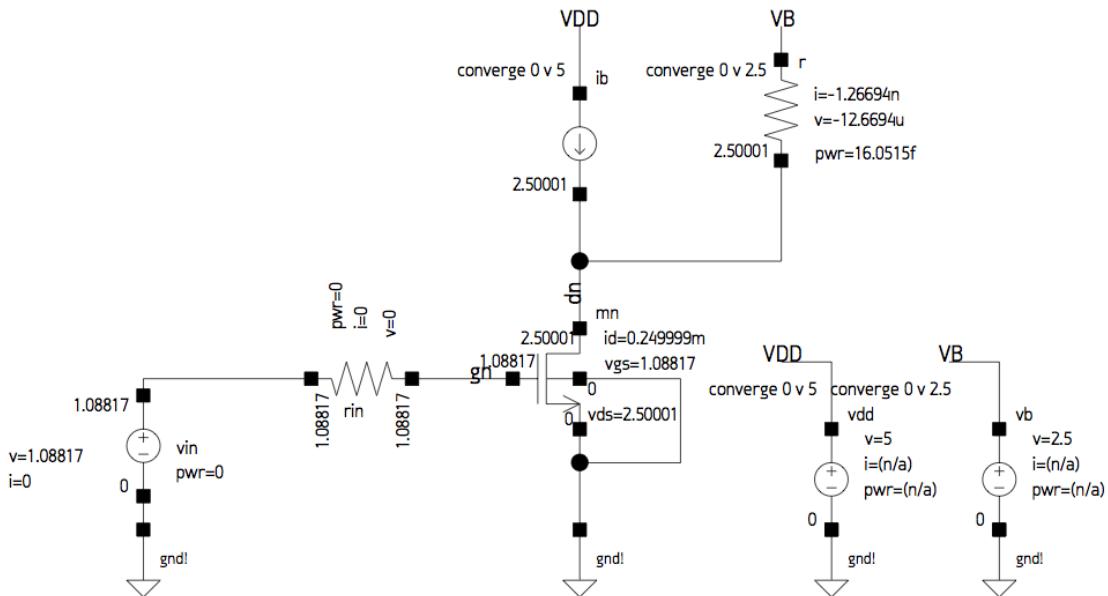
Analyzing the results of the simulation:

Annotating the schematic with the DC voltages:

Results → Annotate → DC node Voltages

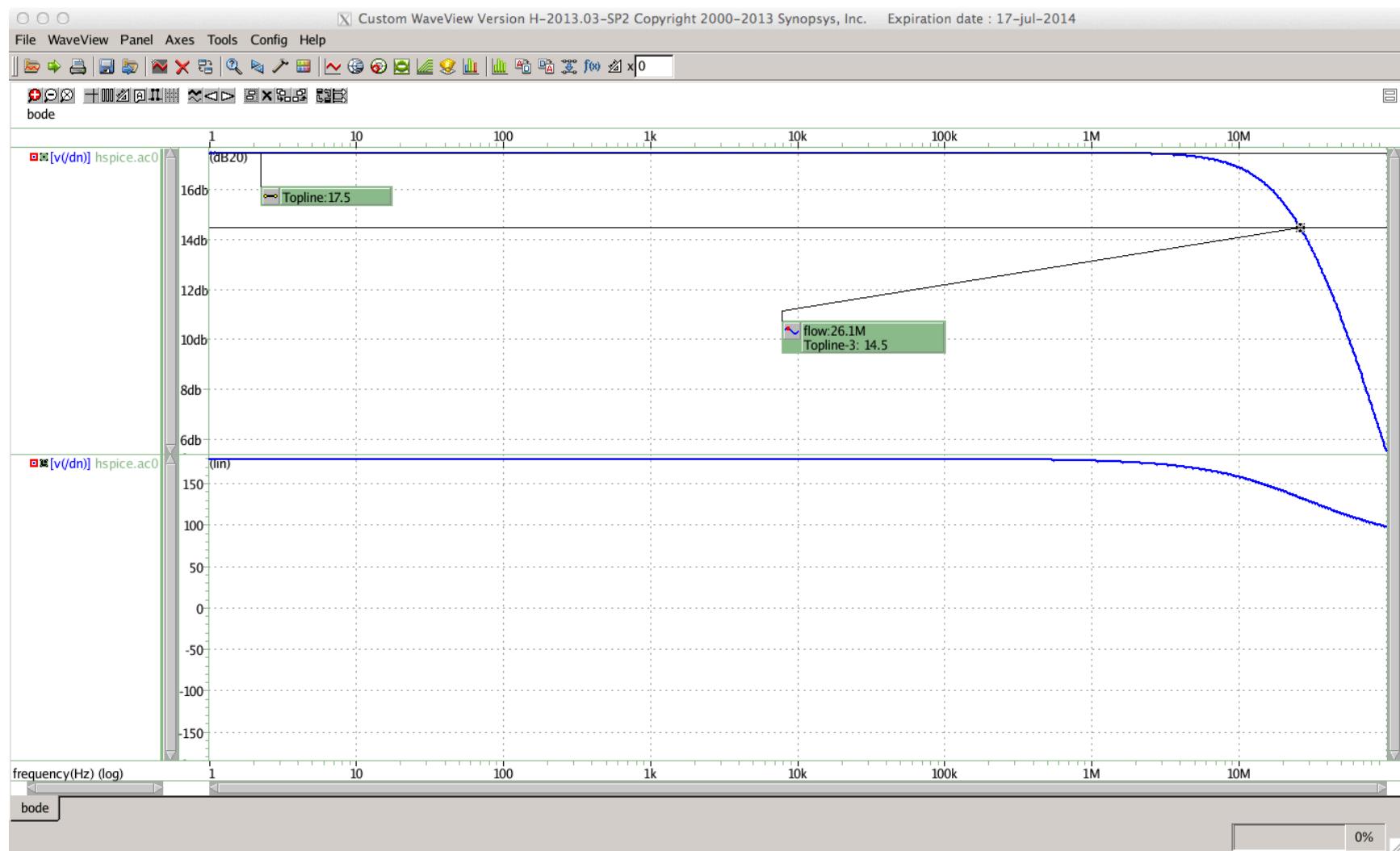


Annotating the schematic with the DC Operating point values:
 Results → Annotate → DC Operating Point



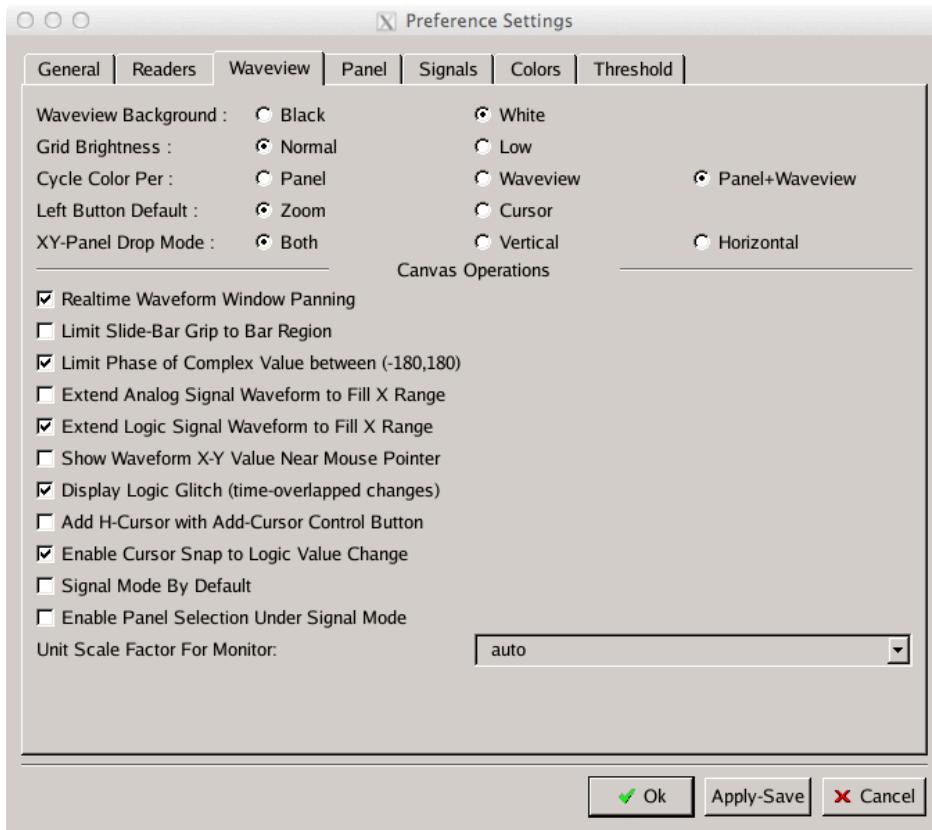
Plotting the frequency response of the amplifier
 Results → Plot Signal → AC Bode
 Click on the node of interest in the schematic

Custom waveView opens

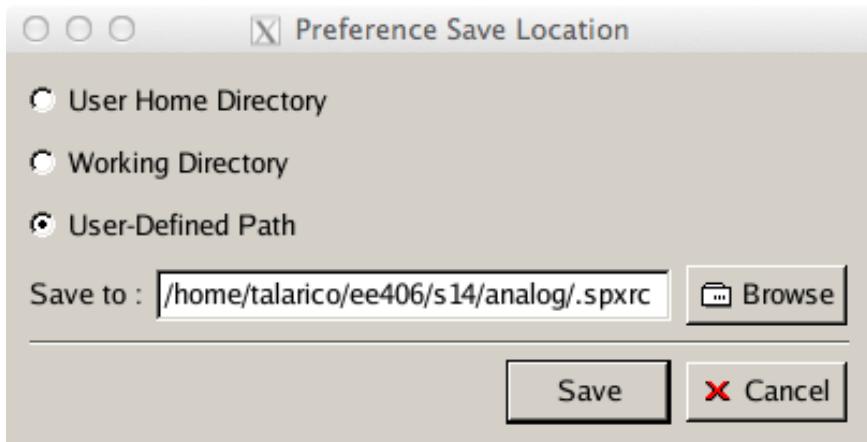


To change the default color of the background:

Config → Preferences

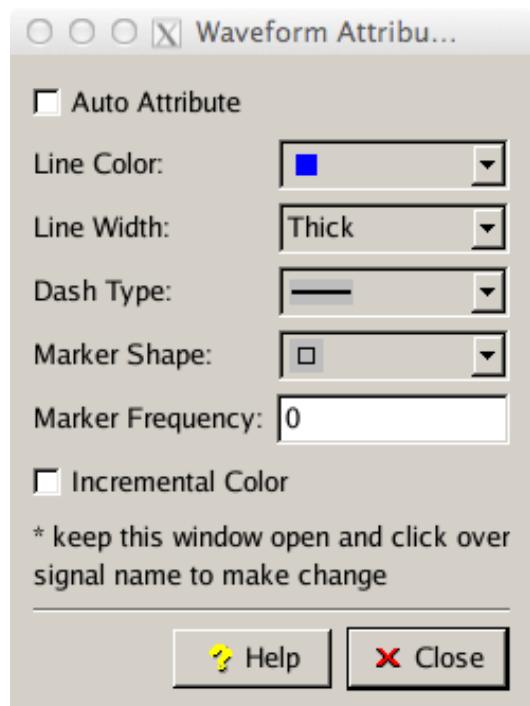


To save the preferences for future use click on Apply-Save:



To change the thickness and color of waveforms:

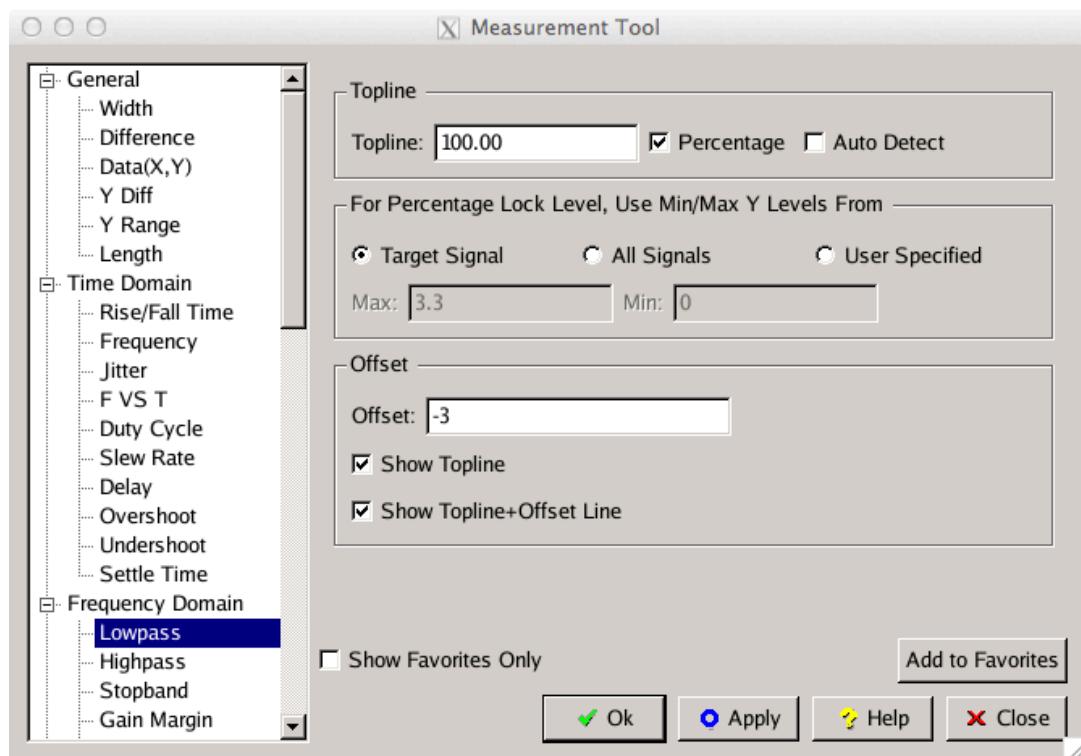
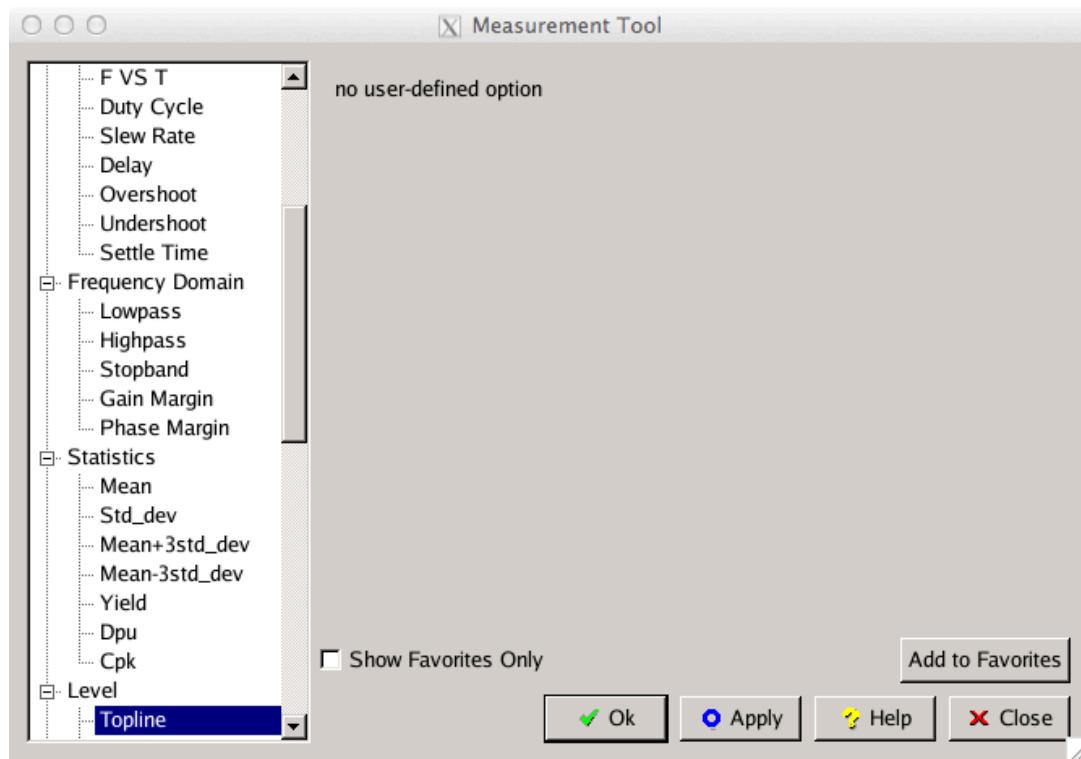
Config → Waveform Attributes



Make sure to click over the signal names to make the change happen.

Measuring the gain and the BW of the designed amplifier:

Tools → Measurements



Computing the BW using the equation Builder of Custom Explorer WaveView

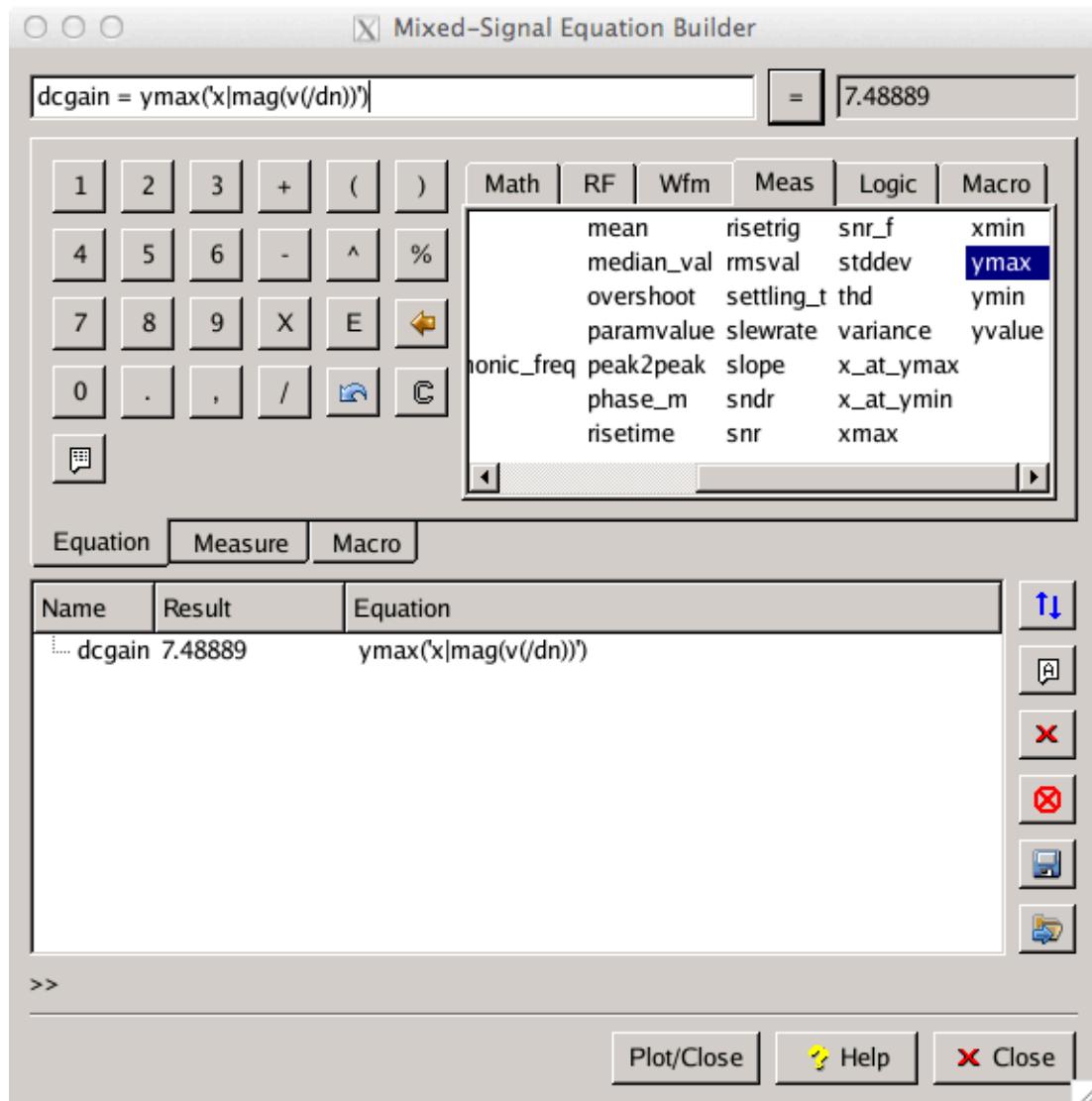
Results → Plot Signal → AC Magnitude

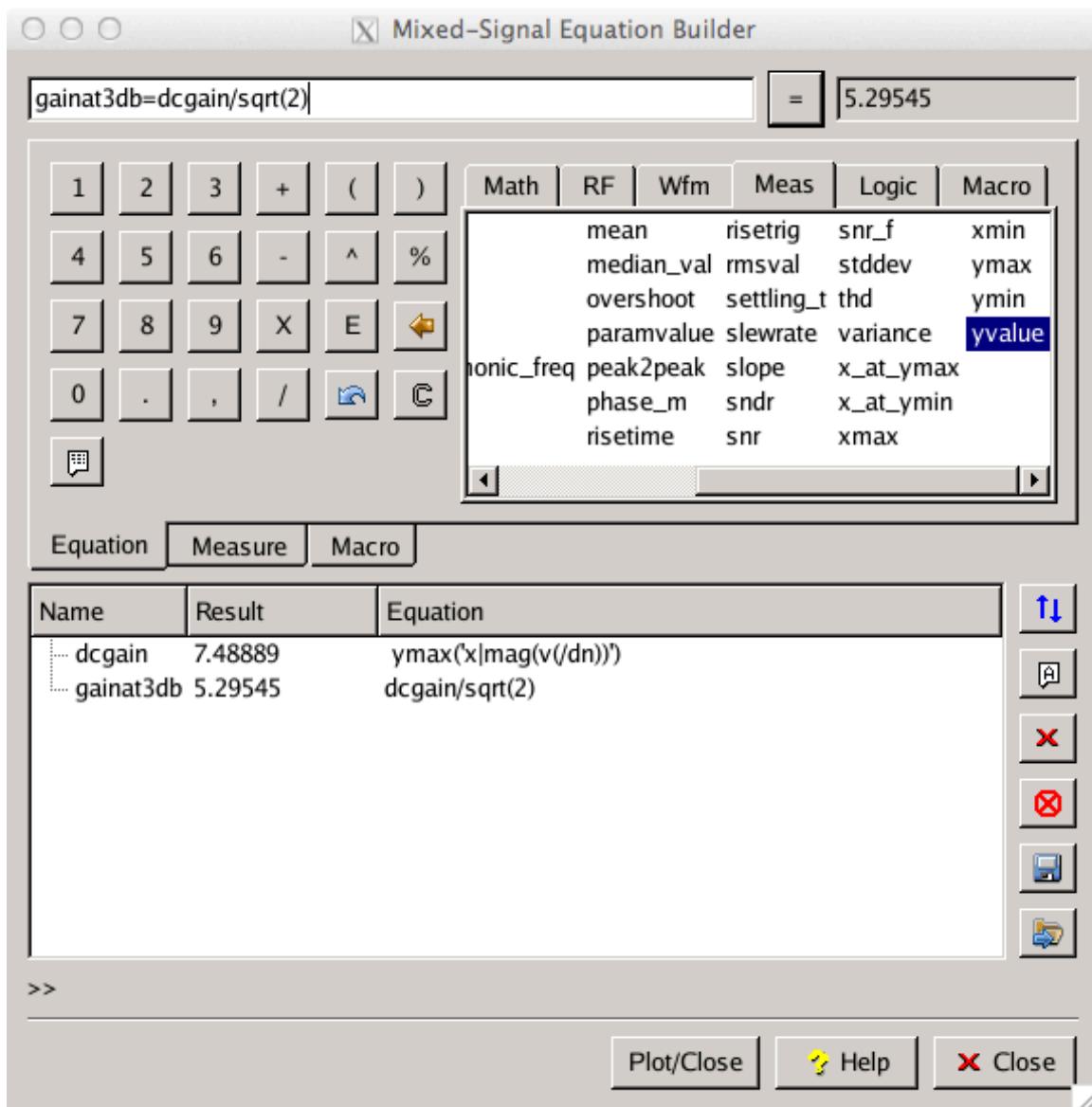
Click on the node of interest in the schematic

Custom waveView opens

Tools → Equation Builder

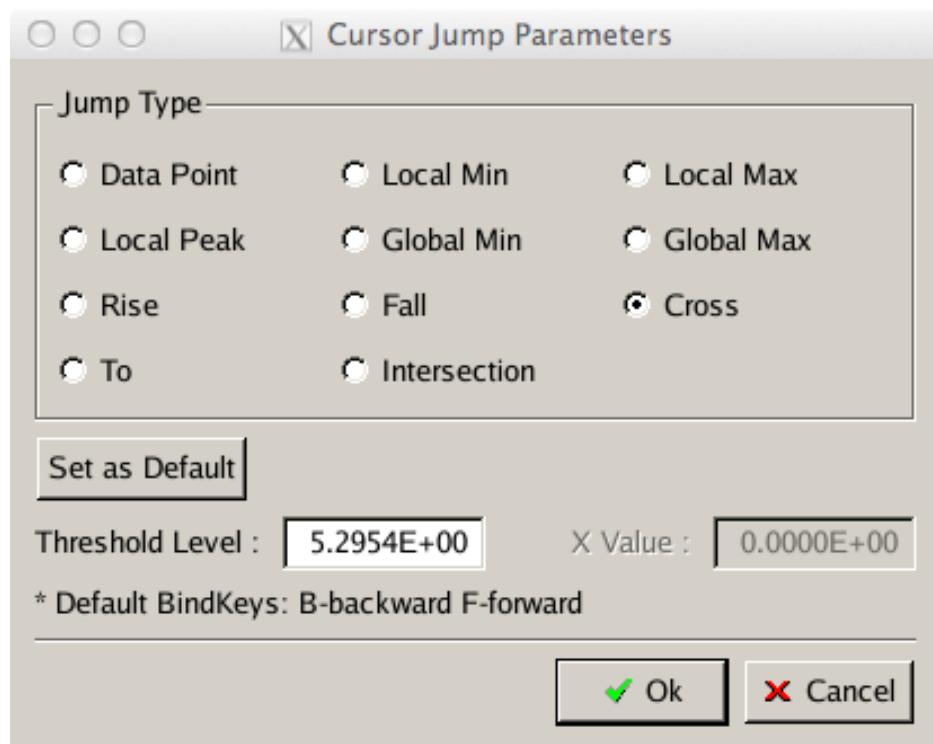
Right Click on the signal name → Add to Equation

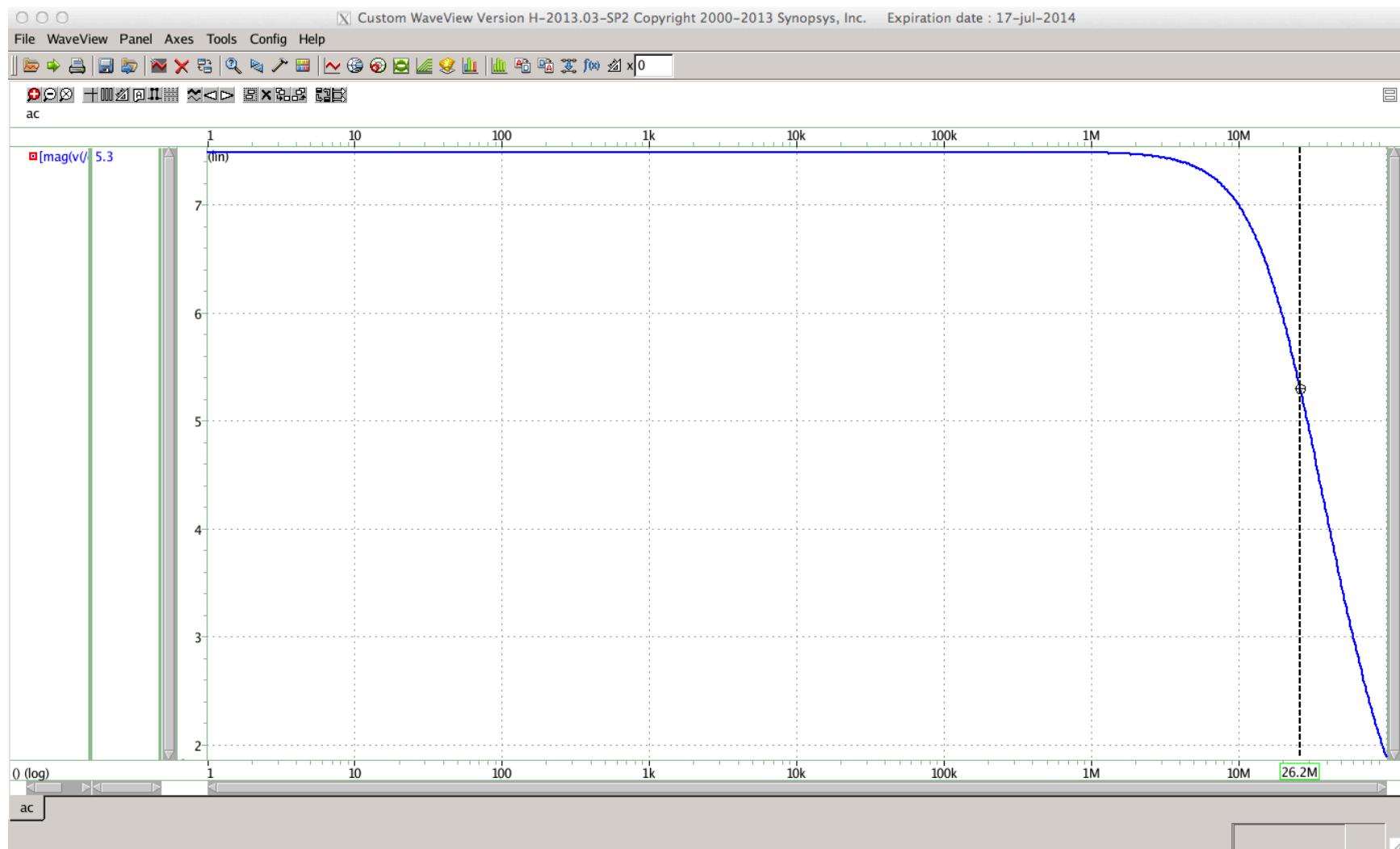




Finally set a cursor at 5.29545 to find out the value of the BW (about 26.2 MHx)

Axes → Cursor → Jump Settings

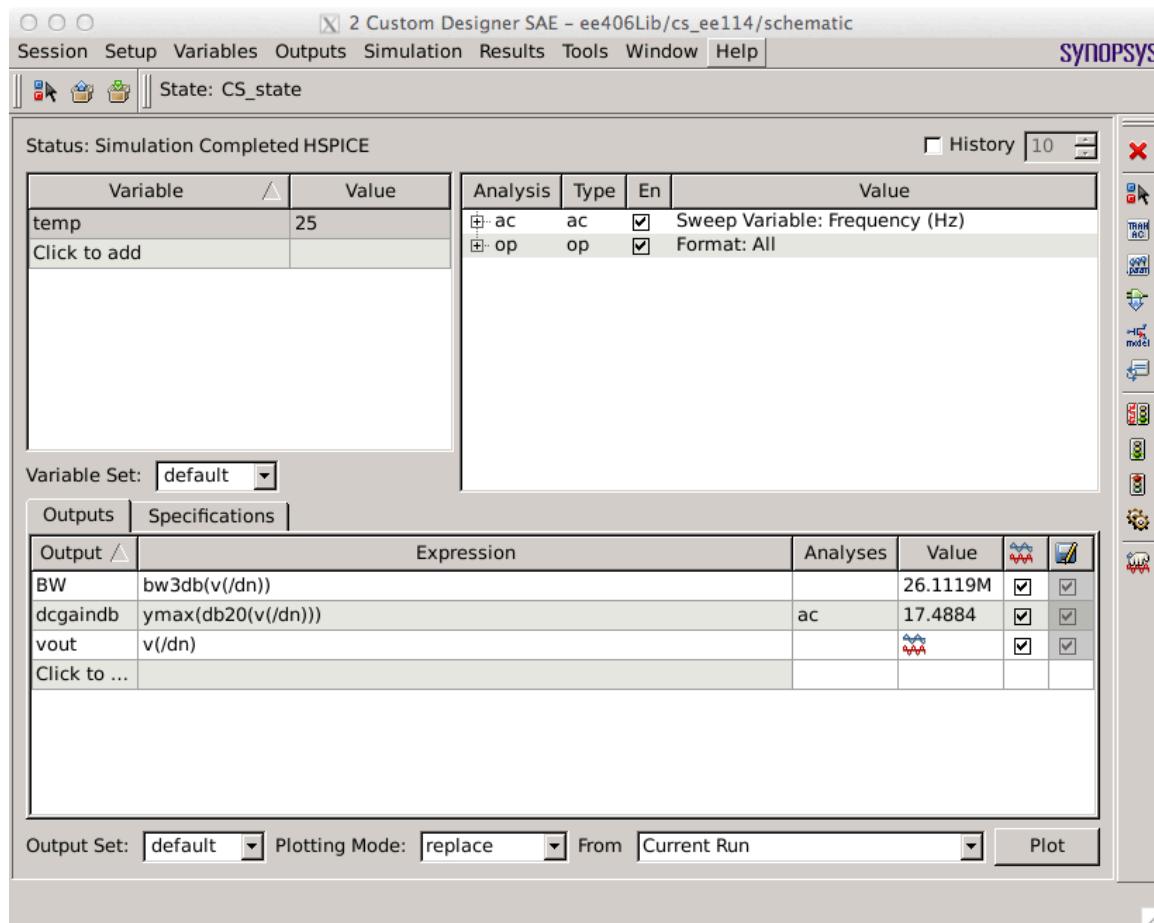




Setting up the results to output through the SAE output section

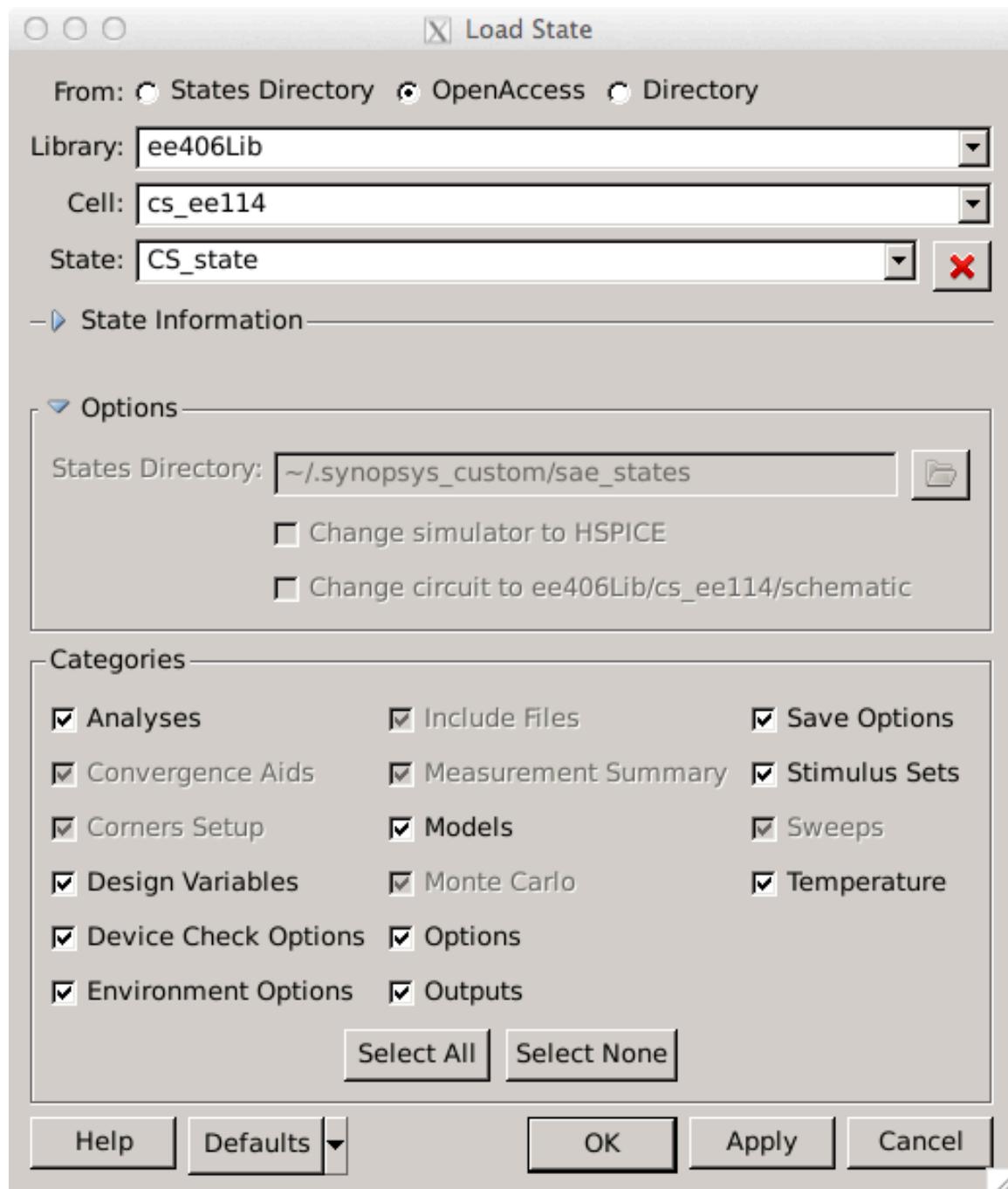
Outputs → Select in design (click on the schematics' net(s) of interest)

Defining names for the observed outputs; creating expressions through the calculator, plotting the results



Saving the simulation and analysis setting

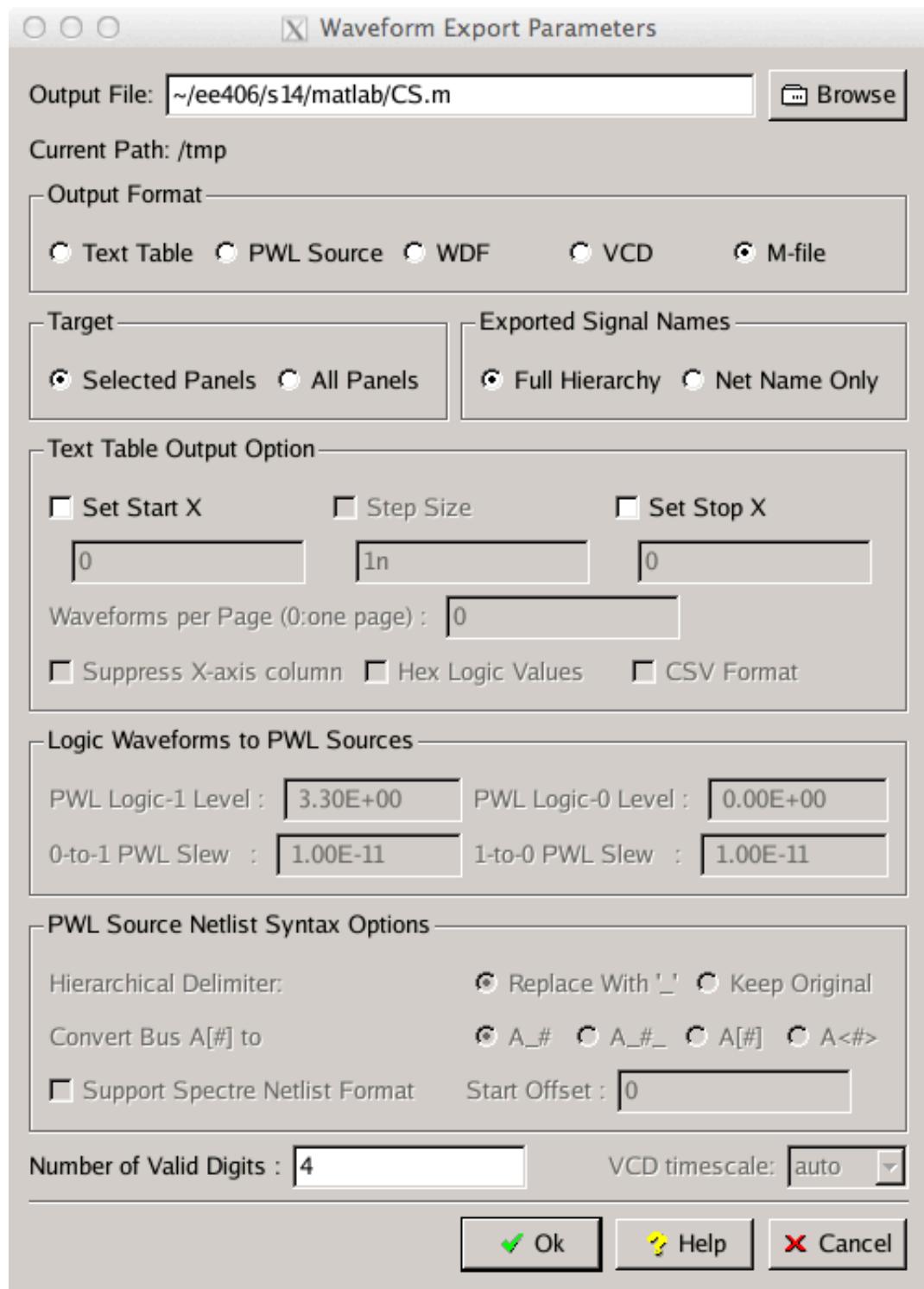
Session → Save State.



Exporting the Waveforms data for MATLAB

Go to the Custom Explorer WaveView window and click on the signals to export.

File → Export Waveform Data



Using CosmosScope to view the simulation results

The spice netlist generated by SAE is saved in:

~/ee406/s14/analog/simulations/ee406Lib/cs_ee114/schematic/HSPICE/nominal/netlist/input.spi

```
* Generated for: HSPICE
.option search='/home/talarico/ee406/s14/analog/hspicemod'

.option PARHIER = LOCAL
.option NOMOD = 1
.option ARTIST=2 PSF=2
.temp 25
.include 'ee114_hspice.sp'

.GLOBAL gnd!

ib vdd dn dc=250u
r vb dn r=10k
rin gn net18 r=20k
mn dn gn gnd! gnd! nmos114 w=40u l=1.6u
vb vb gnd! dc=2.5
vdd vdd gnd! dc=5
vin net18 gnd! dc=1.08817 ac=1

.ac DEC 100 1 100Meg
.op All 0
.option opfile=1 split_dp=1

.end
```

It is important to understand what the various options mean:

.option PARHIER = LOCAL

Use this option to specify scoping rules

.OPTION NOMOD = 1

This option suppresses the printout of model parameters.

.option ARTIST=2

Enables the Virtuoso® Analog Design Environment if ARTIST=2. This option is generally used together with .OPTION PSF.

.option PSF=2

If .option PSF=2, HSPICE produces ASCII output

```
.option opfile=1
```

Use this option to output the operating point information to a file.

- If value is 1, operating point information is output to a file named <design>.dp#.
- If value is 0, the operating point information outputs to stdout

The results of the simulation are put in:

```
~/ee406/s14/analog/simulations/ee406Lib/cs_ee114/schematic/HSPICE/nominal/results
```

The HSPICE results produced by SAE are not in the correct format to be viewed with Cosmoscope

In order to use Cosmoscope as viewer we need to overwrite the .option ARTIST=2 PSF=2 with .option POST.

```
...
.option artist=2 psf=2
.option post
...
```

and re-run HSPICE simulation manually.

For convenience name the new "hacked" spice netlist input.sp:

```
.option search='/home/talarico/ee406/s14/analog/hspicemod'

.option PARHIER = LOCAL
.option NOMOD = 1

.option ARTIST=2 PSF=2
.option POST * added by Claudio
.temp 25
.include 'ee114_hspice.sp'
*Custom Designer (TM) Version H-2013.03-SP2-1
*Wed Nov 27 11:43:47 2013

.GLOBAL gnd!
ib vdd dn dc=250u
rin gn net18 r=20k
r vb dn r=10k
mn dn gn gnd! gnd! nmos114 w=40u l=1.6u
vb vb gnd! dc=2.5
vdd vdd gnd! dc=5
vin net18 gnd! dc=1.08817 ac=1
```

```
.ac DEC 100 1 100Meg
.op All 0
.option opfile=1 split_dp=1
.end
```

make a copy of the runSimulation script:

```
cp runSimulation runSimulationH
```

and modify it as follows:

```
hspice -i input.sp -o ..//results/Hhspice > ..//results/run.log 2>&1
```

Run the “hacked” spice simulation:

```
./runSimulationH
```

and move to the result directory:

```
cd ..//results/
```

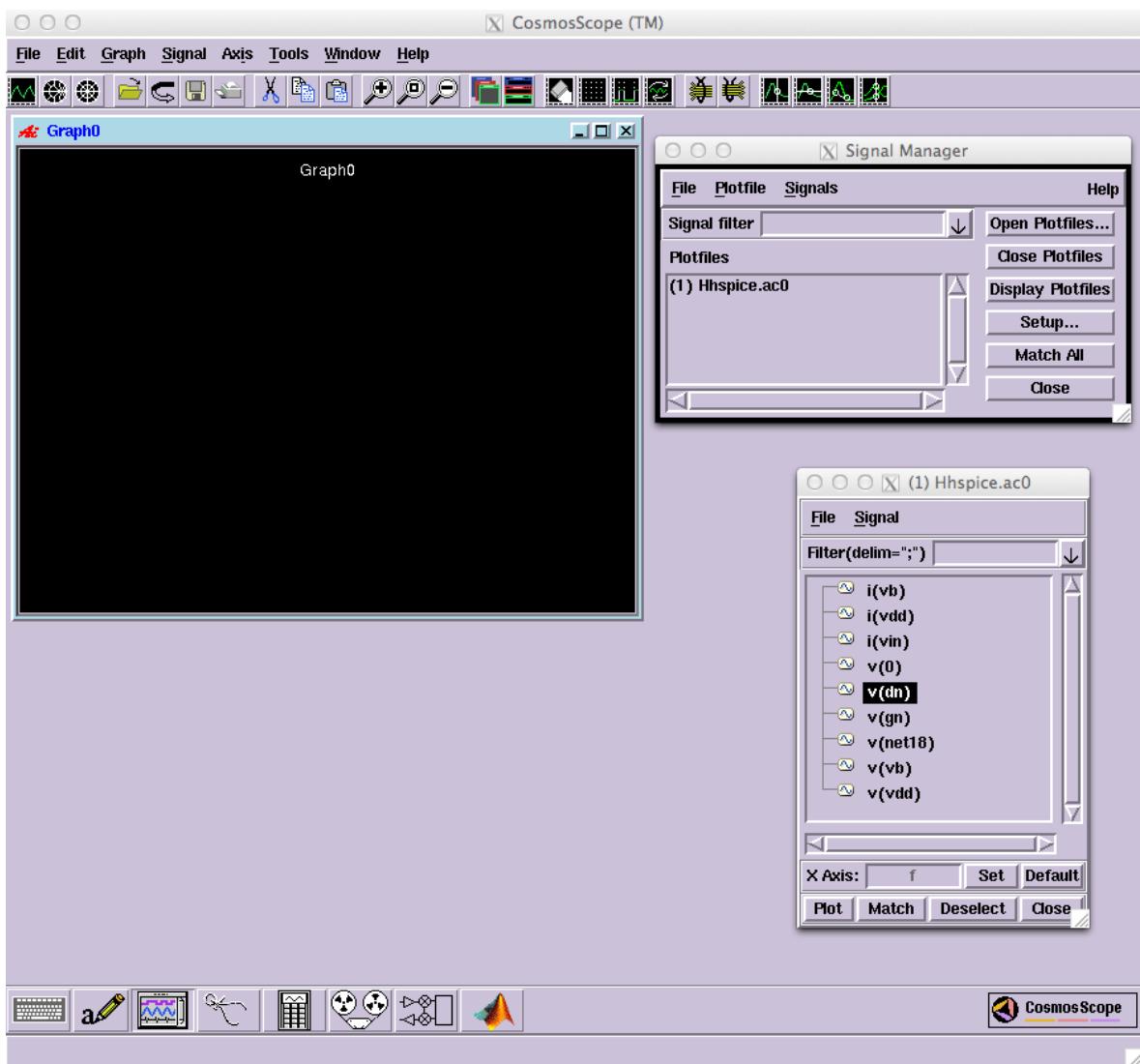
Invoke cosmoScope:

```
cscope &
```

File → Open Plot Files

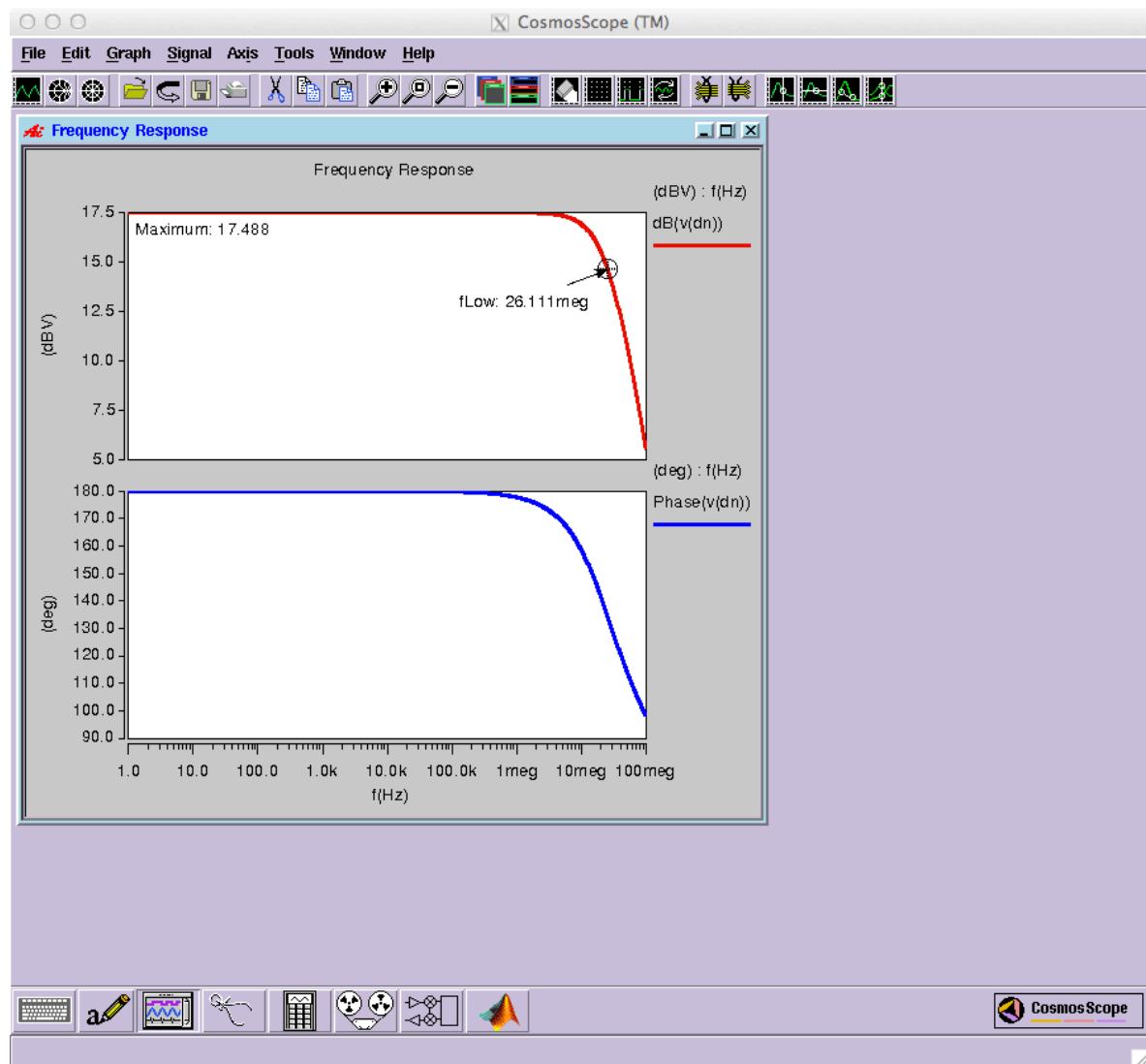
Double click on Hhspice.ac0

Select the signal to plot and click on the plot button.



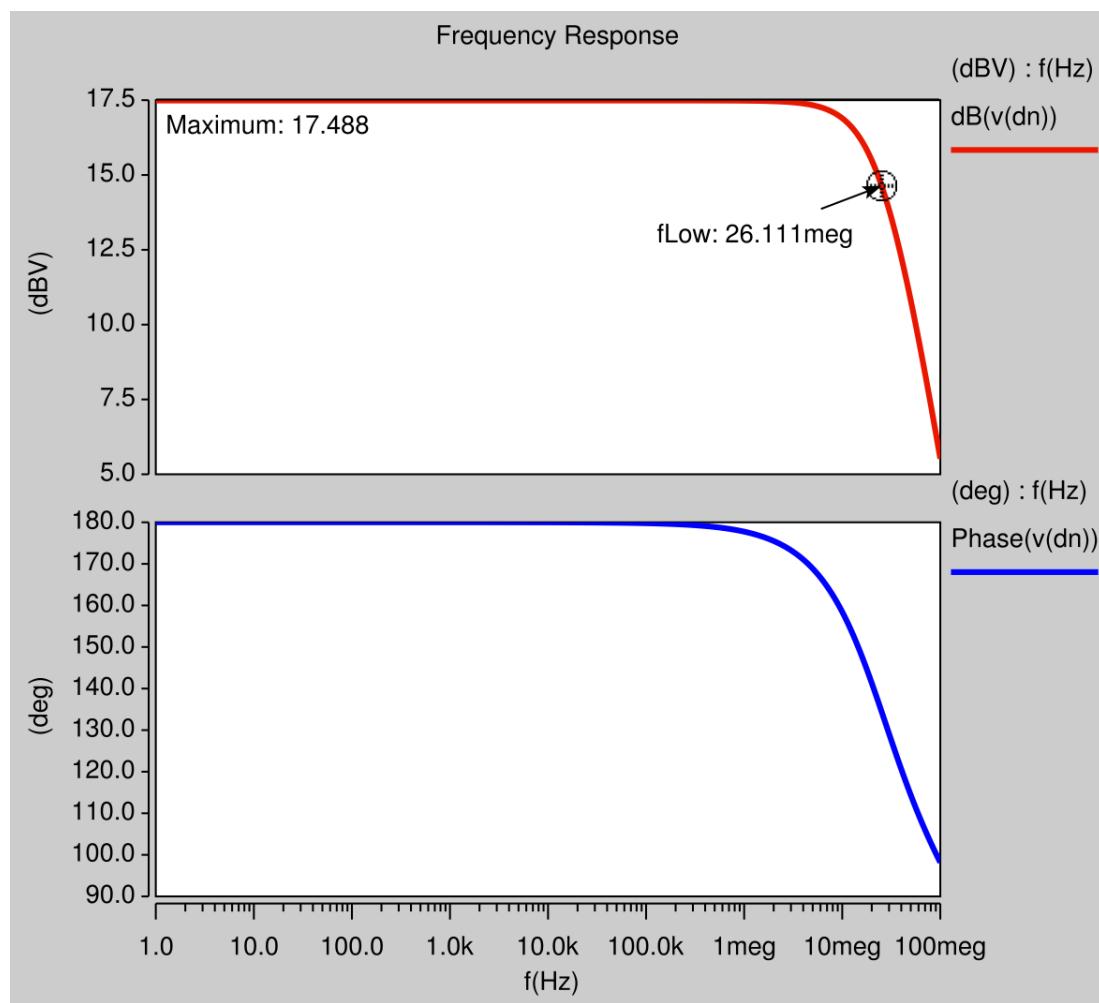
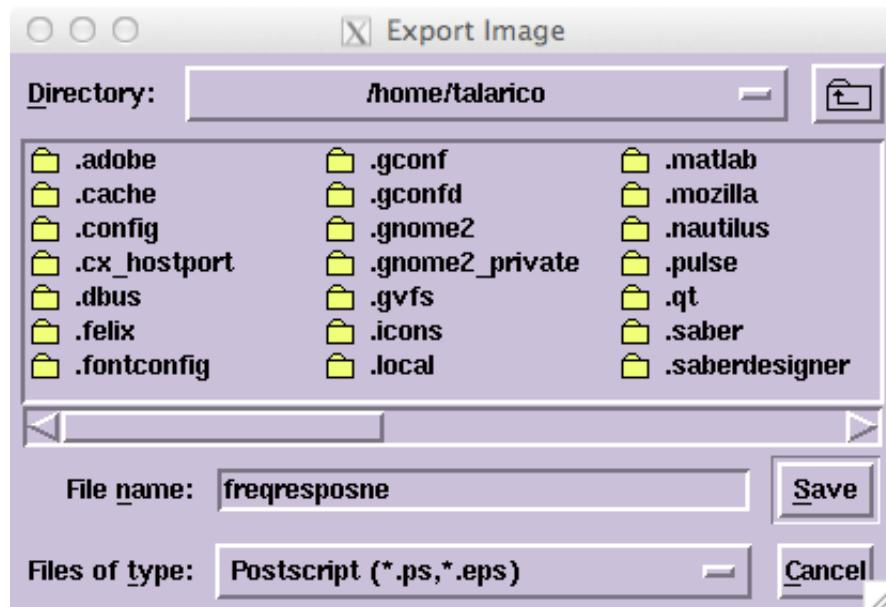
Change the color and thickness of the waveform (right click on the name of the signal and edit the attributes), edit the title of the graph (click on the title and edit it), add measurements to the plot (click on Tools → Measurement Tool and then select the type of measurement you are interested in), etc.

... Make sure to change the background !!
Graph → Color Map → Map 2

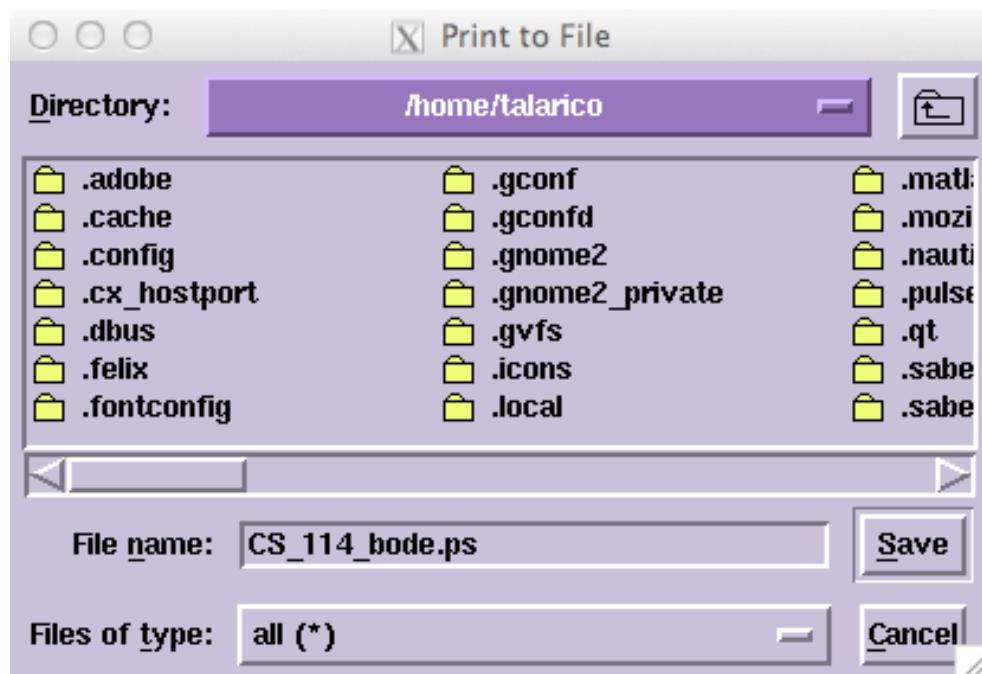
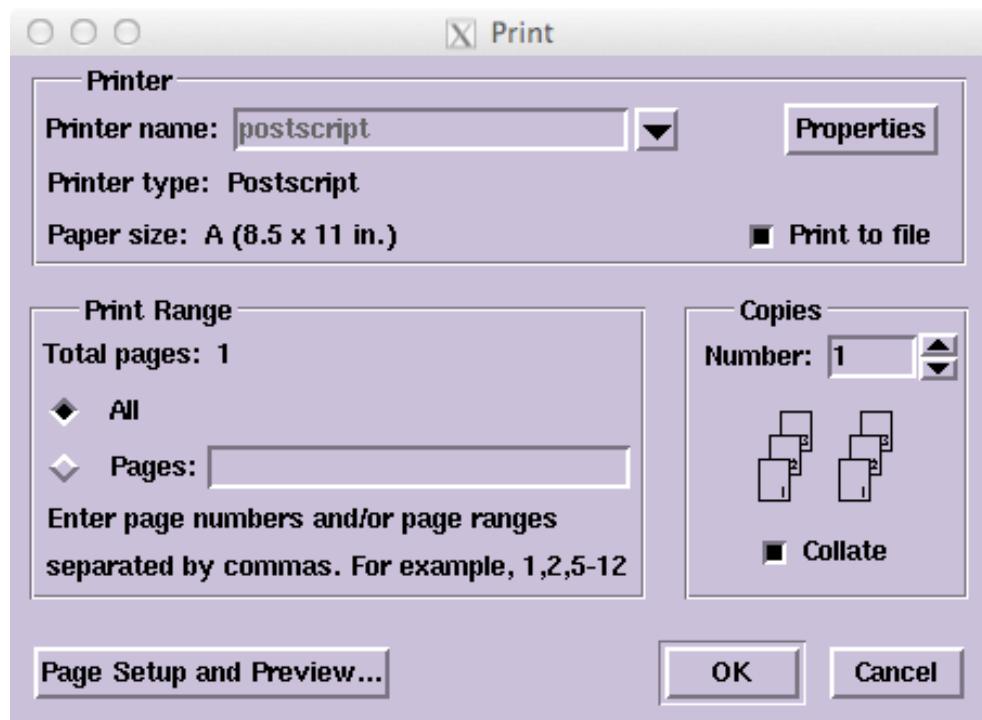


The plots can be printed or exported as images.

File → Export Image

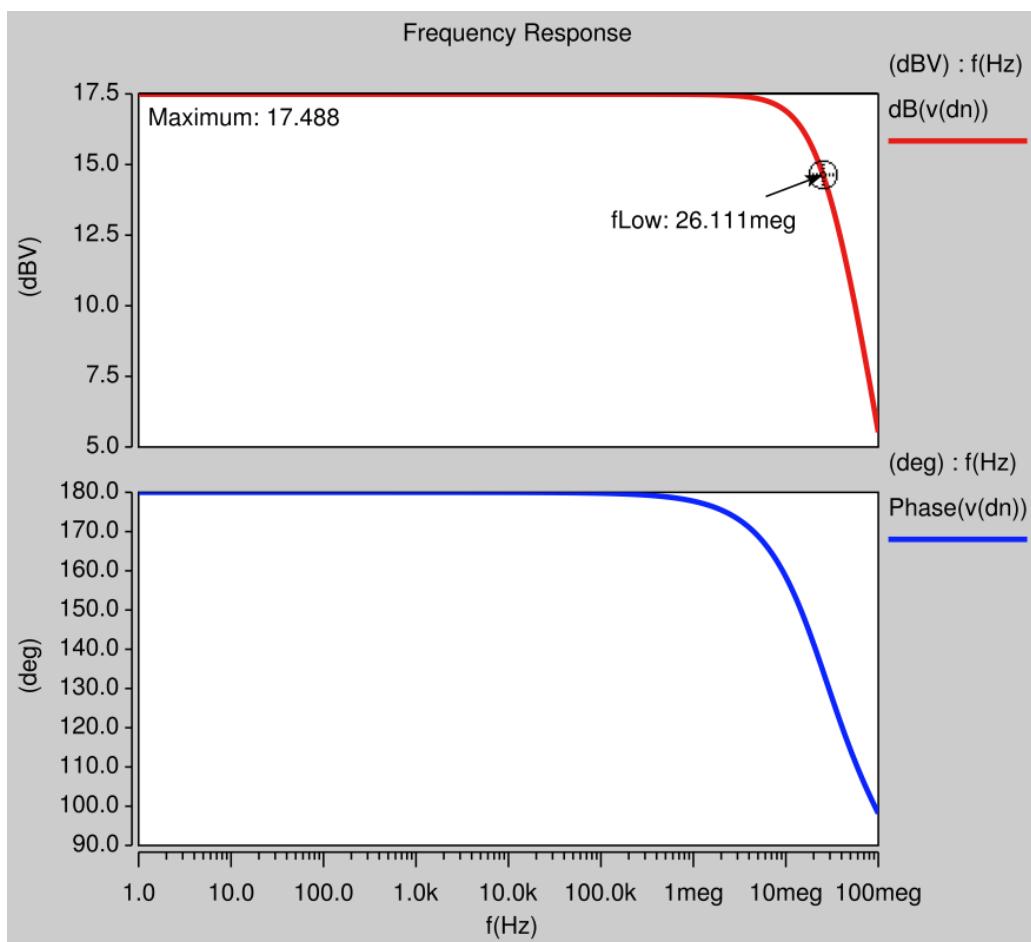
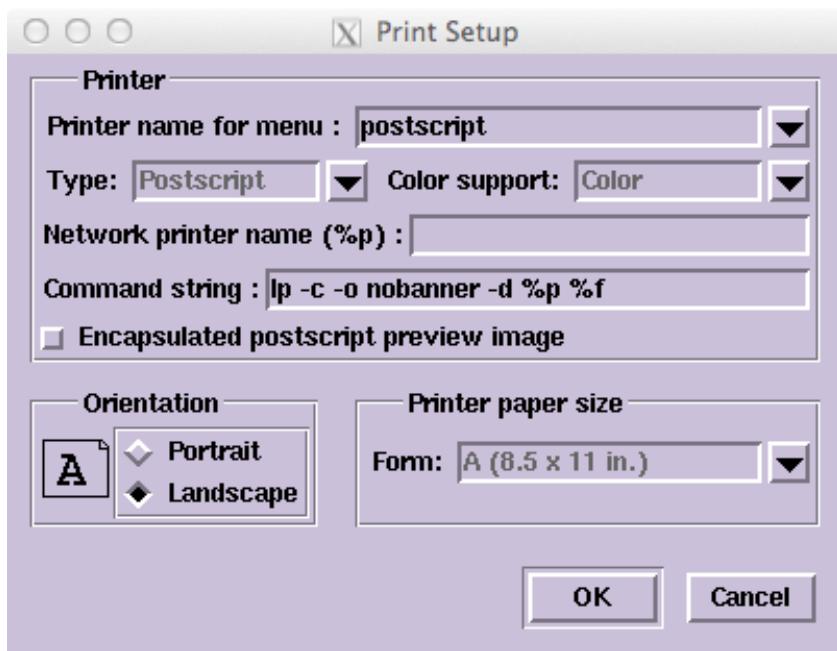


File → Print



Before Printing make sure the printer is setup correctly:

File → Printer → Setup



The colors can be further customized: Edit → Preferences → Graph

Using Matlab to import HSPICE simulations.

Setup a directory for the matlab files:

```
mkdir ~/ee406/s14/matlab
```

We will use the HSPICE toolbox for MATLAB developed by M. Perrott. The HSPICE toolbox for Matlab is a collection of Matlab functions that allow you to manipulate and view signals generated by HSPICE simulations directly.

The toolbox files are located at:

```
/usr/local/MATLAB/personal/HspiceToolbox
```

Note: the toolbox requires the HSPICE outputs to be in the format generated through the POST option.

There are many functions in the toolbox, but we will focus mainly on three of them. See hspice_toolbox.pdf for more details.

1. `loadsig(...)`
This function loads the circuit signals into MATLAB. It takes the hspice output file, such as DC (*.sw0) or AC (*.ac0) files as the function input. For example, if you simulated a common source amplifier in HSPICE and have CS.ac0 as the output file, the function call is:
`x = loadsig('CS.ac0');`
2. `lssig(...)` - This function lists the signals contained in the file loaded by the `loadsig(...)` function. Continuing with the above example, this function is called as:
`lssig(x);`
3. `evalsig(..., ...)` - This function actually loads the signals from the HSPICE output file into vectors in MATLAB. For example, if have a signal called v_dn, the function is called as follows:
`vout = evalsig(x, 'v_dn')`

Once you have loaded a signal into a MATLAB vector, you can then proceed to do any mathematical manipulations on the data.

MATLAB example:

```
%  
% author: C. Talarico  
% file: cad.m  
  
clear all; close all; clc;  
addpath('/usr/local/MATLAB/personal/HspiceToolbox')  
x =  
loadsig('/home/talarico/ee406/s14/analog/simulations/ee406Lib/cs_ee114/schematic/HSPICE/nominal/results/Hhspice.ac0')  
lssig(x)  
vout = evalsig(x,'v_dn');  
freq = evalsig(x,'HERTZ');  
mag = abs(vout);  
phase = angle(vout); % phase in rad  
magdb = 20*log10(mag);  
degree = phase.*180/pi;  
  
subplot(2,1,1);  
set(gca, 'fontsize',14);  
semilogx(freq*1e-6,magdb,'linewidth',2,'color', 'b', 'linestyle','-' );  
ylabel('Magnitude [dB]', 'fontsize', 12);  
xlabel('freq [MHz]', 'fontsize', 12);  
maxdb = max(magdb) + 5;  
axis([min(freq*1e-6) max(freq*1e-6) 0 maxdb]);  
  
% compute DC gain and f3dB  
format shorte;  
gain = magdb(1);  
idx = find(magdb < gain - 3, 1, 'first');  
f3db = 1e-6*freq(idx);  
  
% annotate the plot with DC gain and f3dB  
str0 = sprintf('CS Frequency Response');  
str1 = sprintf('DC gain = %.2f [dB]', gain);  
str2 = sprintf('f3db = %.2f [MHz]', f3db);  
str = {str0, str1, str2}; % distribute the string on three lines  
title(str, 'fontsize', 16);  
  
g3db = gain-3;  
% annotate the f3db point with "template lines"  
% horizontal line  
line([min(1e-6*freq) 1e-6*freq(idx)], [g3db g3db], 'linestyle', ':', ...  
'linewidth', 3, 'color', 'r');
```

```

%vertical line
line([f3db f3db], [-20 g3db], 'linestyle', ':', ...
    'linewidth', 3, 'color', 'r');

subplot(2,1,2);
set(gca, 'fontsize',14);
semilogx(1e-6*freq,degree,'linewidth',2,'color', 'm', 'linestyle','-' );
ylabel('Angle [degree]', 'fontsize', 14);
xlabel('freq [MHz]', 'fontsize', 14);

```

